

Andhra Pradesh State Council of Higher Education

Notations :

- Options shown in green color and with ✓ icon are correct.
- Options shown in red color and with ✗ icon are incorrect.

Question Paper Name :	2 YEARS LLM PG 05th June 2025 Shift 1
Subject Name :	2 YEARS LLM PG
Creation Date :	2025-06-05 12:34:24
Duration :	90
Total Marks :	120
Display Marks:	No
Share Answer Key With Delivery Engine :	Yes
Change Font Color :	No
Change Background Color :	No
Change Theme :	No
Help Button :	No
Show Reports :	No
Show Progress Bar :	No

2 YEARS LLM PG

Group Number :	1
Group Id :	45752932
Group Maximum Duration :	0
Group Minimum Duration :	90
Show Attended Group? :	No
Edit Attended Group? :	No
Break time :	0
Group Marks :	120

PART A

Section Id :	45752976
Section Number :	1
Section type :	Online
Mandatory or Optional :	Mandatory
Number of Questions :	40
Number of Questions to be attempted :	40
Section Marks :	40
Maximum Instruction Time :	0
Sub-Section Number :	1
Sub-Section Id :	45752976
Question Shuffling Allowed :	Yes

Question Number : 1 Question Id : 4575293721 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Who is considered as the father of Analytical School of Jurisprudence?

Options :

- ✓ John Austin

2. ✖ H.L.A. Hart

3. ✖ Roscoe Pound

4. ✖ Salmond

Question Number : 2 Question Id : 4575293722 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is NOT a Source of Law?

Options :

1. ✖ Legislation

2. ✖ Customs

3. ✔ Personal opinion of lawyers

4. ✖ Precedent

Question Number : 3 Question Id : 4575293723 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which one of the following essential elements includes the concept of 'Legal Right'?

Options :

1. ✖ Physical control

2. ✖ Sanction

3. ✔ Enforceability

4. ✖ Unjust

Question Number : 4 Question Id : 4575293724 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is NOT a kind of possession?

Options :

1. ✖ Corporeal possession

2. ✖ Incorporeal possession
3. ✖ Immediate possession
4. ✔ Legal fiction

Question Number : 5 Question Id : 4575293725 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Match the following

List I	List II
A) Legal Sanctions	1. Austin
B) Legal Right	2. Savigny
C) Custom	3. Hohfeld
D) Social Engineering	4. Roscoe Pound

Options :

1. ✔ A-1, B-3, C-2, D-4
2. ✖ A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
3. ✖ A-3, B-2, C-1, D-4
4. ✖ A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1

Question Number : 6 Question Id : 4575293726 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

‘Custom is the oldest source of law’ is the viewpoint of which School of Jurisprudence?

Options :

1. ✖ Analytical School
2. ✖ Sociological School
3. ✔ Historical School
4. ✖ Realist School

Question Number : 7 Question Id : 4575293727 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

According to Hohfeld, 'Duty' is the correlative of

Options :

1. ☒ Right
2. ☐ Privilege
3. ☐ No-right
4. ☐ Power

Question Number : 8 Question Id : 4575293728 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Who defined ownership as a “plenary control over an object”?

Options :

1. ☒ Holland
2. ☐ Austin
3. ☐ Salmond
4. ☐ Roscoe Pound

Question Number : 9 Question Id : 4575293729 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Who among the following classified persons into Natural and Legal Persons?

Options :

1. ☐ Bentham
2. ☐ Kelsen
3. ☒ Salmond
4. ☐ H.L.A. Hart

Question Number : 10 Question Id : 4575293730 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which one of the following is NOT a characteristic of Legal Obligation?

Options :

1. ✓ It arises out of moral duty
2. ✗ It is enforceable by law
3. ✗ It is imposed by the State
4. ✗ Non-performance leads to legal sanction

Question Number : 11 Question Id : 4575293731 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

According to the Realist School, Law is

Options :

1. ✗ The Command of the Sovereign
2. ✗ The Custom of the People
3. ✓ What the Courts do in fact
4. ✗ The balance of Social Interests

Question Number : 12 Question Id : 4575293732 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The Doctrine of Precedent is primarily applicable in

Options :

1. ✗ Civil law countries
2. ✗ Customary law systems
3. ✓ Common law countries
4. ✗ Socialist legal systems

Question Number : 13 Question Id : 4575293733 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is TRUE regarding ownership?

Options :

1. ✖ All ownership is temporary
2. ✖ Ownership is not transferable
3. ✔ Ownership can be both corporeal and incorporeal
4. ✖ Ownership and possession are always the same

Question Number : 14 Question Id : 4575293734 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Match the following

List I (Concept)	List II (Types of Property)
A) Land	1) Tangible
B) Lease rights	2) Intangible
C) Copyright	3) Intellectual
D) Gold Jewellery	4) Immovable

Options :

1. ✖ A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
2. ✔ A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
3. ✖ A-4, B-1, C-3, D-2
4. ✖ A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4

Question Number : 15 Question Id : 4575293735 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

‘Sanction’ according to Austin is

Options :

1. ✖ Reward given by society
2. ✖ Emotional impact of an act
3. ✔ Evil following the disobedience of law
4. ✖ Divine punishment

Question Number : 16 Question Id : 4575293736 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which Jurist proposed the theory of “Grundnorm”?

Options :

1. ✔ Kelsen
2. ✖ Dworkin
3. ✖ Austin
4. ✖ Pound

Question Number : 17 Question Id : 4575293737 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is NOT a valid condition for a custom to be recognized as law?

Options :

1. ✖ Reasonableness
2. ✖ Ancient origin
3. ✖ Approval by the court
4. ✔ Codification by the Parliament

Question Number : 18 Question Id : 4575293738 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which theory of legal personality regards that only human beings can be called as natural persons?

Options :

1. ✖ Realist Theory
2. ✔ Fiction Theory
3. ✖ Bracket Theory
4. ✖ Purpose Theory

Question Number : 19 Question Id : 4575293739 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

In Hohfeld's schema, the correlative of "Immunity" is

Options :

1. ✖ Duty
2. ✖ Liability
3. ✔ Disability
4. ✖ Power

Question Number : 20 Question Id : 4575293740 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

In Modern Jurisprudence, which of the following is NOT recognised as a form of legal Obligation?

Options :

1. ✔ Moral obligation
2. ✖ Contractual obligation
3. ✖ Tortious obligation
4. ✖ Statutory obligation

Question Number : 21 Question Id : 4575293741 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is considered as 'The Guardian of Indian Constitution'?

Options :

1. ✖ The Legislature
2. ✔ The Supreme Court
3. ✖ The Executive
4. ✖ Media

Question Number : 22 Question Id : 4575293742 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The Fundamental Rights under the Indian Constitution were borrowed from

Options :

1. ✖ Ireland
2. ✖ Weimar Republic
3. ✔ United States of America
4. ✖ Australia

Question Number : 23 Question Id : 4575293743 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The Directive Principles of State Policy under the Indian Constitution are

Options :

1. ✖ Justiciable
2. ✖ Enforceable by courts
3. ✔ Non-justiciable
4. ✖ Fundamental

Question Number : 24 Question Id : 4575293744 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Who is the *de jure* head of the Union Executive under the Indian Constitution?

Options :

1. ✖ Prime Minister
2. ✔ President
3. ✖ Chief Justice of India
4. ✖ Speaker of Lok Sabha

Question Number : 25 Question Id : 4575293745 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The Presidential Rule can be imposed under Article _____ of the Indian Constitution.

Options :

1. ✖ 352
2. ✖ 354
3. ✔ 356
4. ✖ 360

Question Number : 26 Question Id : 4575293746 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The Right to Education is provided under _____ of the Constitution of India.

Options :

1. ✖ Article 14
2. ✖ Article 15
3. ✔ Article 21A
4. ✖ Article 48A

Question Number : 27 Question Id : 4575293747 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The Judicial Review of Administrative action means

Options :

1. ✖ Review by the Parliament

2. ✓ Review by the Judiciary

3. ✗ Review by the President

4. ✗ Review by the People of India

Question Number : 28 Question Id : 4575293748 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Match the following

List I	List II
A. Article 22	1. Freedom of Religion
B. Article 25	2. Protection against Arrest
C. Article 21	3. Right to Constitutional Remedies
D. Article 32	4. Protection of Life and Liberty

Select the correct match

Options :

1. ✓ A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3

2. ✗ A-1, B-2, C-4, D-3

3. ✗ A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4

4. ✗ A-2, B-3, C-1, D-4

Question Number : 29 Question Id : 4575293749 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which Article empowers the President to declare National Emergency?

Options :

1. ✓ Article 352

2. ✗ Article 356

3. ✗ Article 360

4. ✖ Article 365

Question Number : 30 Question Id : 4575293750 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The President of India is elected by

Options :

1. ✖ Direct vote by citizens
2. ✖ Members of Parliament only
3. ✖ Members of State Legislatures only
4. ✔ Elected members of Parliament and State Legislative Assemblies

Question Number : 31 Question Id : 4575293751 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following amendments can be made by the Parliament by a special majority without requiring ratification by the States?

Options :

1. ✖ Election of the President
2. ✖ Representation of States in Parliament
3. ✖ Abolition of Fundamental Rights
4. ✔ Changes in the Directive Principles of State Policy

Question Number : 32 Question Id : 4575293752 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

In which of the following cases, the Supreme Court held that “the Preamble is the part of Constitution”?

Options :

1. ✔ Kesavanandha Bharathi v. State of Kerala
2. ✖ Golaknath v. State of Punjab

3. ✖ *In re Berubari case*

4. ✖ *Joseph Shine v. Union of India*

Question Number : 33 Question Id : 4575293753 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The term “Secular” was added to the Preamble by

Options :

1. ✔ 42nd Amendment

2. ✖ 44th Amendment

3. ✖ 24th Amendment

4. ✖ 52nd Amendment

Question Number : 34 Question Id : 4575293754 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which Article of the Indian Constitution deals with the “Power of Parliament to legislate on matters in the State List in National Interest”?

Options :

1. ✔ Article 249

2. ✖ Article 245

3. ✖ Article 252

4. ✖ Article 250

Question Number : 35 Question Id : 4575293755 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Who among the following can dissolve the Lok Sabha before the expiry of its term?

Options :

1. ✖ Prime Minister

2. ✖ Speaker of Lok Sabha

3. ✔ President on the advice of Prime Minister

4. ✖ Chief Justice of India

Question Number : 36 Question Id : 4575293756 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Article 20(2) of the Indian Constitution laid down _____ of the following principles

Options :

1. ✖ Basic Structure

2. ✖ Doctrine of waiver

3. ✔ Double Jeopardy

4. ✖ Doctrine of Pleasure

Question Number : 37 Question Id : 4575293757 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The “Doctrine of Basic Structure” was propounded in

Options :

1. ✖ Golaknath v. State of Punjab

2. ✖ A.K. Gopalan v. State of Madras

3. ✔ Kesavananda Bharati v. State of Kerala

4. ✖ Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India

Question Number : 38 Question Id : 4575293758 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

How many amendments have been made to the Indian Constitution as of February 2025?

Options :

1. ✖ 100

2. ✔ 106

3. ✖ 107

4. ✖ 110

Question Number : 39 Question Id : 4575293759 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following Articles cannot be suspended even during National Emergency?

Options :

1. ✖ Article 19

2. ✔ Article 20 and 21

3. ✖ Article 22

4. ✖ Article 32

Question Number : 40 Question Id : 4575293760 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which Constitutional Amendment Act has lowered the voting age from 21 years to 18 years?

Options :

1. ✖ Fifty Seven

2. ✖ Fifty Nine

3. ✔ Sixty One

4. ✖ Sixty Five

PART B

Section Id :

45752977

Section Number :

2

Section type :	Online
Mandatory or Optional :	Mandatory
Number of Questions :	80
Number of Questions to be attempted :	80
Section Marks :	80
Maximum Instruction Time :	0
Sub-Section Number :	1
Sub-Section Id :	45752977
Question Shuffling Allowed :	Yes

Question Number : 41 Question Id : 4575293761 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which one of the following is a Primary Source of International Law?

Options :

1. ✖ Decisions of Municipal Courts
2. ✖ Opinions of Jurists
3. ✔ Treaties and Conventions
4. ✖ Decisions of NGOs

Question Number : 42 Question Id : 4575293762 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The concept of *Pacta Sunt Servanda* relates to

Options :

1. ✖ Extradition
2. ✔ Treaties
3. ✖ Air Law
4. ✖ Recognition of States

Question Number : 43 Question Id : 4575293763 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which organ of the United Nations is primarily responsible for maintaining International Peace and Security?

Options :

1. ✖ General Assembly
2. ✔ Security Council
3. ✖ Economic and Social Council
4. ✖ International Court of Justice

Question Number : 44 Question Id : 4575293764 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Statelessness occurs when a person

Options :

1. ✖ Holds dual nationality
2. ✖ Changes their citizenship
3. ✔ Is not considered as a national by any State
4. ✖ Resides in a foreign country

Question Number : 45 Question Id : 4575293765 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which Theory propounds that the International Law and the Municipal Laws of States are two distinct, separate, self-contained legal systems?

Options :

1. ✖ Monistic Theory
2. ✖ Primacy of International Law theory
3. ✖ Regulatory Theory
4. ✔ Dualism Theory

Question Number : 46 Question Id : 4575293766 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Match the following

List I (Air Law Concept)	List II (Explanation)
A. International Civil Aviation Organisation	1. The 1944 Air Convention
B. Chicago Convention	2. The Right or Privilege, in respect of scheduled international air services
C. Sovereign Airspace	3. UN body regulating air travel
D. Freedom of Air	4. State control over airspace

Options :

1. ✓ A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2
2. ✗ A-1, B-3, C-4, D-2
3. ✗ A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4
4. ✗ A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1

Question Number : 47 Question Id : 4575293767 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is NOT a method of Acquisition of State Territory under International Law?

Options :

1. ✗ Occupation
2. ✗ Accretion
3. ✗ Prescription
4. ✓ Nationalization

Question Number : 48 Question Id : 4575293768 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The right to grant Asylum is

Options :

1. ✗ A duty under International Law

2. ✖ A right enforceable in Municipal Courts

3. ✔ A discretionary act of the State

4. ✖ Granted by the Security Council

Question Number : 49 Question Id : 4575293769 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The Doctrines of Monism and Dualism are related to

Options :

1. ✔ Relationship between International law and Municipal law

2. ✖ Relationship between International law and Criminal law

3. ✖ The concept Sovereign Immunity

4. ✖ Relationship between International law and civil law

Question Number : 50 Question Id : 4575293770 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which one of the following International Conventions primarily governs the Law of the Sea?

Options :

1. ✖ Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Immunities

2. ✖ Chicago Convention on International Civil Aviation

3. ✔ United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea

4. ✖ Rome Statute of International Criminal Court

Question Number : 51 Question Id : 4575293771 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Territorial waters refer to

Options :

1. ✖ Waters outside the territorial limits of a State
2. ✖ Waters dividing territory of two or more States
3. ✖ Waters inside the territory of a State
4. ✔ Waters adjacent to the country's coast line

Question Number : 52 Question Id : 4575293772 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is TRUE about Nationality in International Law?

Options :

1. ✖ It is conferred only by international treaties
2. ✖ It can only be acquired by birth
3. ✔ Each State determines its Nationality laws
4. ✖ Stateless persons cannot be deported

Question Number : 53 Question Id : 4575293773 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Lotus Case (France v. Turkey) established which principle in International Law?

Options :

1. ✖ The exclusive jurisdiction of Flag States
2. ✖ That International Law prohibits everything not expressly permitted
3. ✔ The State cannot exercise jurisdiction outside its territory unless an international treaty or custom permits it to do so.
4. ✖ Universal Jurisdiction applies to all crimes

Question Number : 54 Question Id : 4575293774 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

In Outer Space Law, the principle of "Non-Appropriation" means

Options :

1. ✖ States can mine asteroids for resources
2. ✖ Only UN-approved missions can enter space
3. ✔ No State can claim sovereignty over any part of outer space
4. ✖ Space is subject to national appropriation through effective control

Question Number : 55 Question Id : 4575293775 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Match the following

List I	List II
A. Asylum	1. Principle of Sovereignty
B. Extradition	2. Makes recommendations, not binding
C. State Jurisdiction	3. Political and diplomatic protection
D. UN General Assembly	4. No duty to surrender in absence of treaty

Options :

1. ✔ A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2
2. ✖ A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4
3. ✖ A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
4. ✖ A-3, B-4, C-2, D-1

Question Number : 56 Question Id : 4575293776 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The United Nations Charter prohibits the use of force by its Member States under Article

Options :

1. ✖ 2(3)

2. ✔ 2(4)

3. ✖ 51

4. ✖ 55

Question Number : 57 Question Id : 4575293777 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

An agreement is said to be valid when

Options :

1. ✔ It is enforceable by law

2. ✖ It is in writing only

3. ✖ It is approved by a notary

4. ✖ It is made before a magistrate

Question Number : 58 Question Id : 4575293778 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which Section of the Indian Contract Act defines a contract?

Options :

1. ✖ Section 2(g)

2. ✔ Section 2(h)

3. ✖ Section 10

4. ✖ Section 5

Question Number : 59 Question Id : 4575293779 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

When both parties agree upon the same thing in the same sense, it is called

Options :

1. ✖ Consideration
2. ✔ Consensus *ad idem*
3. ✖ Coercion
4. ✖ Free consent

Question Number : 60 Question Id : 4575293780 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

If a new contract is substituted in the place of existing contract, is called as

Options :

1. ✖ Alteration
2. ✔ Novation
3. ✖ Remission
4. ✖ Waiver

Question Number : 61 Question Id : 4575293781 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Consideration must move at the desire of

Options :

1. ✔ The promisor
2. ✖ The promisee
3. ✖ Any third party
4. ✖ Government authority

Question Number : 62 Question Id : 4575293782 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

An agreement in restraint of marriage is

Options :

1. ✖ Valid
2. ✖ Voidable
3. ✔ Void
4. ✖ Illegal

Question Number : 63 Question Id : 4575293783 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which one of the following is NOT essential to a valid contract under the Indian Contract Act?

Options :

1. ✖ Lawful consideration
2. ✖ Free consent
3. ✔ Writing and registration
4. ✖ Competent parties

Question Number : 64 Question Id : 4575293784 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

A minor's agreement is

Options :

1. ✖ Voidable at minor's option
2. ✖ Valid
3. ✔ Void ab initio
4. ✖ Enforceable with guardian's consent

Question Number : 65 Question Id : 4575293785 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

A person who is usually of unsound mind but occasionally of sound mind can make a contract

Options :

1. ✖ At any time
2. ✔ Only when he is of sound mind
3. ✖ Never
4. ✖ Only with a court's permission

Question Number : 66 Question Id : 4575293786 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under Section 23 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872, the object of an agreement is unlawful if it

Options :

1. ✖ Is immoral
2. ✖ Is forbidden by law
3. ✖ Defeats the provisions of any law
4. ✔ All of the above

Question Number : 67 Question Id : 4575293787 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Communication of acceptance is complete as against the proposer

Options :

1. ✖ When it comes to the knowledge of proposer
2. ✔ When it is put in the course of transmission
3. ✖ When the letter is posted by acceptor

When the proposer acknowledges the acceptance

4. ✖

Question Number : 68 Question Id : 4575293788 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Revocation of acceptance is NOT possible once, when

Options :

1. ✖ Acceptance has been posted

2. ✔ Acceptance has reached the offeror

3. ✖ Offer has been made

4. ✖ Contract has been signed

Question Number : 69 Question Id : 4575293789 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

In which of the following cases 'silence' is equivalent to acceptance?

Options :

1. ✖ When silence is accompanied by a gesture

2. ✔ When there is a duty to speak and one remains silent

3. ✖ When acceptance is delayed

4. ✖ Never

Question Number : 70 Question Id : 4575293790 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

If a person is compelled to enter into a contract due to threat to commit suicide, it amounts to

Options :

1. ✖ Undue influence

2. ✖ Fraud

3. ✓ Coercion

4. ✗ Misrepresentation

Question Number : 71 Question Id : 4575293791 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

When does a contingent contract become void?

Options :

1. ✓ When the event becomes impossible

2. ✗ After a reasonable time

3. ✗ When both parties agree

4. ✗ When it is not in writing

Question Number : 72 Question Id : 4575293792 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

If an agreement is entered into by mistake of fact by both parties, it is

Options :

1. ✗ Voidable

2. ✓ Void

3. ✗ Valid

4. ✗ Illegal

Question Number : 73 Question Id : 4575293793 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Trade Unions Act, 1926 the required number of members to register a Trade Union is

Options :

1. ✗ 8 Members

2. ✓ 7 Members

3. ✗ 6 Members

4. ✗ 5 Members

Question Number : 74 Question Id : 4575293794 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the term 'Industry' is defined in

Options :

1. ✗ Section 1

2. ✗ Section 2(h)

3. ✓ Section 2(j)

4. ✗ Section 3

Question Number : 75 Question Id : 4575293795 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Trade Unions Act, 1926, who of the following CANNOT be appointed as an office-bearer of a registered trade union?

Options :

1. ✗ A retired worker of the same industry

2. ✗ A practicing advocate

3. ✓ A person below the age of 15 years

4. ✗ A member of another trade union

Question Number : 76 Question Id : 4575293796 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Who appoints the Conciliation Officer under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947?

Options :

1. ✖ Trade Union
2. ✖ Labour Court
3. ✔ Appropriate Government
4. ✖ Industrial Tribunal

Question Number : 77 Question Id : 4575293797 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is NOT a type of industrial dispute under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947?

Options :

1. ✖ Strikes
2. ✖ Lockouts
3. ✖ Lay off
4. ✔ Consumer Complaint

Question Number : 78 Question Id : 4575293798 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Trade Unions Act, 1926, which of the following is NOT a valid objective of a trade union?

Options :

1. ✖ Securing good working conditions
2. ✖ Promoting the political interests of members
3. ✖ Arbitrating disputes
4. ✔ Promoting child labour

Question Number : 79 Question Id : 4575293799 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

‘Award’ under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 refers to the determination of an Industrial Dispute by

Options :

1. ✖ Workers
2. ✖ Employer
3. ✔ Labour Court
4. ✖ Conciliation Officer

Question Number : 80 Question Id : 4575293800 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Match the following

List I	List II
A) Section 2(j)	1) Lay-off
B) Section 2(kkk)	2) Industry
C) Section 2(oo)	3) Closure
D) Section 2(cc)	4) Retrenchment

Options :

1. ✖ A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4
2. ✖ A-3, B-2, C-1, D-4
3. ✔ A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
4. ✖ A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1

Question Number : 81 Question Id : 4575293801 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Trade Unions Act, 1926, a registered trade union is a

Options :

1. ✖ Partnership firm

2. ✖ Trust

3. ✔ Body corporate

4. ✖ Proprietary concern

Question Number : 82 Question Id : 4575293802 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The term "Strike" is defined in the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 under

Options :

1. ✖ Section 2(p)

2. ✔ Section 2(q)

3. ✖ Section 2(s)

4. ✖ Section 2(n)

Question Number : 83 Question Id : 4575293803 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, which of the following is classified as a public utility service?

Options :

1. ✖ Hotels and Restaurants

2. ✖ Educational Institutions

3. ✔ Postal and Telegraph Services

4. ✖ Private Coaching Centres

Question Number : 84 Question Id : 4575293804 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the maximum number of members in the Grievance Redressal Committee in an industrial establishment is

Options :

1. ✖ 3

2. ✖ 5

3. ✔ 6

4. ✖ 10

Question Number : 85 Question Id : 4575293805 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which provision of the Trade Unions Act, 1926 gives immunity to registered trade unions from criminal conspiracy in trade disputes?

Options :

1. ✔ Section 17

2. ✖ Section 18

3. ✖ Section 19

4. ✖ Section 20

Question Number : 86 Question Id : 4575293806 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is NOT a function of a Works Committee under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947?

Options :

1. ✖ Promoting good relations between employer and workers

2. ✖ To compose any material difference of opinion between employer and workmen

3. ✔ Representing employees before Labour Court

4. ✖ Addressing matters of common interest between employer and workmen

Question Number : 87 Question Id : 4575293807 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, reference of disputes to adjudication is governed by

Options :

1. ☒ Section 10
2. ☐ Section 22
3. ☐ Section 23
4. ☐ Section 24

Question Number : 88 Question Id : 4575293808 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following rights is granted to a registered trade union under the Trade Unions Act, 1926?

Options :

1. ☐ Right to strike without notice
2. ☒ Right to immunity from certain civil and criminal liabilities
3. ☐ Right to demand compulsory bonus from employer
4. ☐ Right to automatic recognition by the government

Question Number : 89 Question Id : 4575293809 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, which of the following is NOT a general exception to criminal liability?

Options :

1. ☐ Mistake of fact
2. ☐ Necessity
3. ☒ Ignorance of law

Insanity

4. ✖

Question Number : 90 Question Id : 4575293810 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is NOT a valid defence in the Law of Torts?

Options :

1. ✖ *Volenti non fit injuria*

2. ✖ Act of God

3. ✔ Negligence

4. ✖ Private defence

Question Number : 91 Question Id : 4575293811 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The Consumer Protection Act, 2019 replaced which previous legislation?

Options :

1. ✖ The Sale of Goods Act, 1930

2. ✔ The Consumer Protection Act, 1986

3. ✖ The Indian Contract Act, 1872

4. ✖ The Goods and Services Act, 2017

Question Number : 92 Question Id : 4575293812 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The Liability of Joint Tortfeasors under Law of Torts is

Options :

1. ✖ Divided equally among all tortfeasors

2. ✖ Only on the main tortfeasor

3. ✖ Independent for each tortfeasor

4. ✔ Joint and several

Question Number : 93 Question Id : 4575293813 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, an act is not an offence if done

Options :

1. ✖ With guilty mind

2. ✔ In good faith to prevent greater harm

3. ✖ With knowledge

4. ✖ Under ignorance of law

Question Number : 94 Question Id : 4575293814 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

“*Res ipsa loquitur*” means

Options :

1. ✔ The thing speaks for itself

2. ✖ Let the buyer beware

3. ✖ No one is above the law

4. ✖ To whom it may concern

Question Number : 95 Question Id : 4575293815 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is the power of Central Consumer Protection Authority under the Consumer Protection 2019 Act?

Options :

1. ✖ Issuing driver's licenses

2. ✖ Adjudicating company tax issues
3. ✔ Imposing penalties for misleading advertisements
4. ✖ Granting land ownership

Question Number : 96 Question Id : 4575293816 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Match the following

List I – Tort Concept	List II – Definition
A. Trespass to land	1.False statement harming reputation
B. Defamation	2.Unauthorized entry onto land
C. Nuisance	3.Failure to take reasonable care
D. Negligence	4.Interference with use and enjoyment of land

Options :

1. ✔ A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
2. ✖ A-1, B-2, C-4, D-3
3. ✖ A-2, B-3, C-1, D-4
4. ✖ A-3, B-4, C-2, D-1

Question Number : 97 Question Id : 4575293817 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, the principle of '*actus non facit reum nisi mens sit rea*' refers to

Options :

1. ✖ Every act is justified if intention is good
2. ✔ An act does not make one guilty unless there is a guilty mind

3. ✖ One can be punished without an act

4. ✖ Act of one is act of all

Question Number : 98 Question Id : 4575293818 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

In Tort Law, "State Liability" was expanded in India in which landmark Judgment?

Options :

1. ✖ Donoghue v. Stevenson

2. ✖ Rylands v. Fletcher

3. ✔ Nilabati Behera v. State of Orissa

4. ✖ Carlill v. Carbolic Smoke Ball Co.

Question Number : 99 Question Id : 4575293819 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Consumer Protection Act, 2019, the concept of product liability includes

Options :

1. ✖ Only services, not goods

2. ✖ Only manufacturer responsibility

3. ✔ Manufacturer, service provider, and seller

4. ✖ Only government agencies

Question Number : 100 Question Id : 4575293820 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following best describes Strict Liability in Tort Law?

Options :

1. ✖ Liability with no damages

- 2. ✖ Liability with wrongful intent only
- 3. ✔ Liability without fault for inherently dangerous activities
- 4. ✖ Liability that cannot be claimed in court

Question Number : 101 Question Id : 4575293821 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, which section deals with acts done by a person bound by law to do it?

Options :

- 1. ✖ Section 12
- 2. ✖ Section 16
- 3. ✔ Section 14
- 4. ✖ Section 11

Question Number : 102 Question Id : 4575293822 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

In Tort Law, the principle of “Composite negligence” refers to

Options :

- 1. ✖ Negligence by multiple defendants causing different harm
- 2. ✖ Independent negligence with no linkage
- 3. ✔ Negligence by multiple tortfeasor causing the same harm
- 4. ✖ Vicarious liability in employment

Question Number : 103 Question Id : 4575293823 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Consumer Protection Act, 2019, settling the dispute by mediation is

Options :

1. ✖ Compulsory in all cases
2. ✖ Not recognized
3. ✔ Optional when referred by the Commission
4. ✖ Binding on consumers only

Question Number : 104 Question Id : 4575293824 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Identify the correct legal match

List I – Principle	List II – Case
A. Vicarious Liability	1. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India
B. Rule of Absolute Liability	2. Cassidy v. Ministry of Health
C. Duty of Care	3. Rylands v. Fletcher
D. Strict Liability	4. Donoghue v. Stevenson

Options :

1. ✔ A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
2. ✖ A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
3. ✖ A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2
4. ✖ A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3

Question Number : 105 Question Id : 4575293825 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The term of Copyright in India for literary works is under the Copyright Act, 1957 is

Options :

1. ✖ 10 years after publication

2. ✖ 50 years from creation
3. ✔ Lifetime of the author plus 60 years
4. ✖ Lifetime of the author plus 30 years

Question Number : 106 Question Id : 4575293826 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The Patents Act, 1970 is administered by

Options :

1. ✖ Ministry of Corporate Affairs
2. ✖ Ministry of Home Affairs
3. ✔ Ministry of Commerce and Industry
4. ✖ Ministry of Law and Justice

Question Number : 107 Question Id : 4575293827 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which Section of the Information Technology Act, 2000 deals with the legal recognition of the electronic records and digital signatures?

Options :

1. ✖ Section 10(A)
2. ✔ Section 5
3. ✖ Section 3
4. ✖ Section 2

Question Number : 108 Question Id : 4575293828 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The Protection of Human Rights Act was enacted in

Options :

1. ✖ 1992

2. ✔ 1993

3. ✖ 1994

4. ✖ 1995

Question Number : 109 Question Id : 4575293829 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is NOT a function of the National Human Rights Commission?

Options :

1. ✖ Inquire into violations of human rights

2. ✖ Promote research in human rights

3. ✔ Punish violators directly

4. ✖ Spread human rights awareness

Question Number : 110 Question Id : 4575293830 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The International Human Rights day is celebrated on

Options :

1. ✖ 2 December

2. ✖ 8 December

3. ✔ 10 December

4. ✖ 15 December

Question Number : 111 Question Id : 4575293831 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The main objective of The Right to Information Act, 2005 is

Options :

1. ✖ Prevent environmental pollution
2. ✖ Promote human rights
3. ✔ Ensure transparency in governance
4. ✖ Protect intellectual property

Question Number : 112 Question Id : 4575293832 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Identify the odd one out related to kinds of legal research method

Options :

1. ✖ Doctrinal
2. ✖ Empirical
3. ✖ Exploratory
4. ✔ Philosophical

Question Number : 113 Question Id : 4575293833 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Match the following

List I	List II
A. Copyright Act	1. Invention protection
B. Patents Act	2. Environmental safeguard
C. Environmental Act	3. Creative work protection
D. Information Technology Act	4. Digital transaction regulation

Options :

1. ✔ A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4

2. ✖ A-1, B-3, C-2, D-4

3. ✖ A-2, B-3, C-1, D-4

4. ✖ A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3

Question Number : 114 Question Id : 4575293834 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which Section of the Right to Information Act, 2005 mandates public authorities to maintain records for easy access?

Options :

1. ✖ Section 3

2. ✔ Section 4

3. ✖ Section 7

4. ✖ Section 10

Question Number : 115 Question Id : 4575293835 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is NOT a feature of the Information Technology Act, 2000?

Options :

1. ✖ Legal recognition of electronic records

2. ✖ Provision for data protection

3. ✖ Provision for cybercrime penalties

4. ✔ Establishment of the National Green Tribunal

Question Number : 116 Question Id : 4575293836 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following is a kind of Legal Research?

Options :

- 1. ✖ Casual Research
- 2. ✖ Research on Legal Analysis
- 3. ✖ Theoretical Research
- 4. ✔ All the above

Question Number : 117 Question Id : 4575293837 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Under the Patents Act, 1970, which of the following is NOT patentable in India?

Options :

- 1. ✖ A new pharmaceutical drug
- 2. ✔ A computer program *per se*
- 3. ✖ A new industrial process
- 4. ✖ A mechanical device

Question Number : 118 Question Id : 4575293838 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Section 3 of the Environmental Protection Act, 1986 empowers the Central Government to

Options :

- 1. ✖ Penalize polluters
- 2. ✖ Appoint environmental officers
- 3. ✔ Take measures to protect and improve environment
- 4. ✖ Enact new state laws on environment

Question Number : 119 Question Id : 4575293839 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The term "Human Rights" as per The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993 includes rights relating to

Options :

1. ✓ Life, Liberty, Equality, and Dignity
2. ✗ Economic development
3. ✗ Environmental protection only
4. ✗ Patent ownership

Question Number : 120 Question Id : 4575293840 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

If you write an original story, what type of Intellectual property gives you the right to decide who can make and sell copies of your work?

Options :

1. ✗ Patent
2. ✗ Geographical Indications
3. ✓ Copyright
4. ✗ Registered Designs