

## JEE Main 2023 25 Jan Shift 1 Chemistry Question Paper

**Time Allowed :180 minutes**

**Maximum Marks :300**

**Total questions :90**

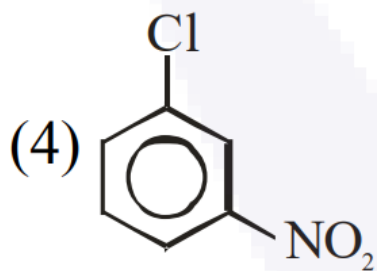
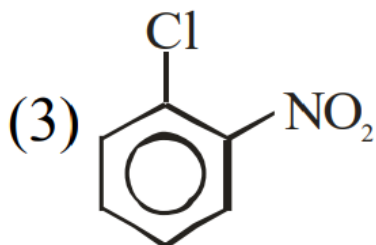
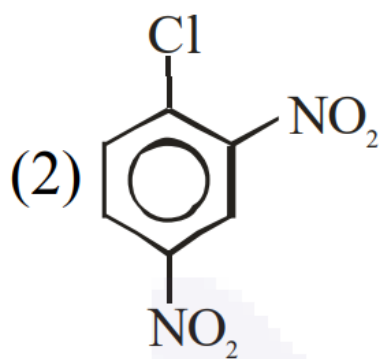
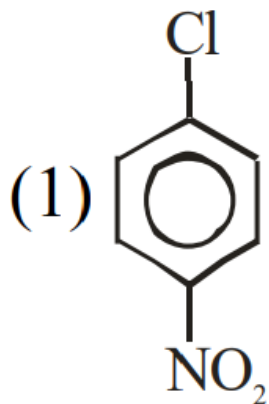
### General Instructions

**Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:**

- (A) The test is of 3 hours duration.
- (B) The question paper consists of 90 questions. The maximum marks are 300.
- (C) There are three parts in the question paper consisting of Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics having 30 questions in each part of equal weightage.
- (D) Each part (subject) has two sections.
  - (i) Section-A: This section contains 20 multiple choice questions which have only one correct answer. Each question carries 4 marks for correct answer and –1 mark for wrong answer.
  - (ii) Section-B: This section contains 10 questions. In Section-B, attempt any five questions out of 10. The answer to each of the questions is a numerical value. Each question carries 4 marks for correct answer and –1 mark for wrong answer. For Section-B, the answer should be rounded off to the nearest integer.

## Section-A

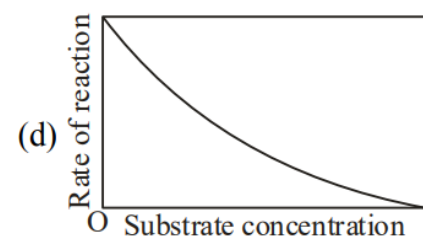
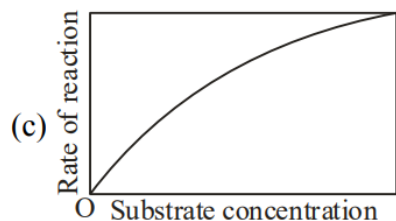
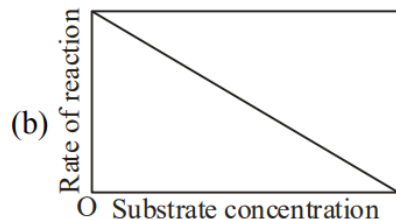
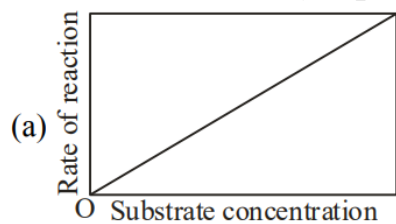
1. The compound which will have the lowest rate towards nucleophilic aromatic substitution on treatment with  $\text{OH}^-$  is:



---

2. The variation of the rate of an enzyme-catalyzed reaction with substrate

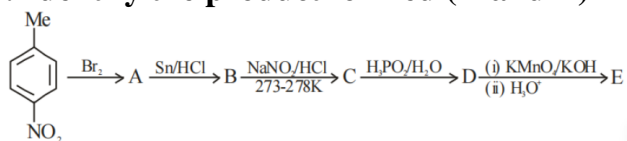
concentration is correctly represented by which graph?

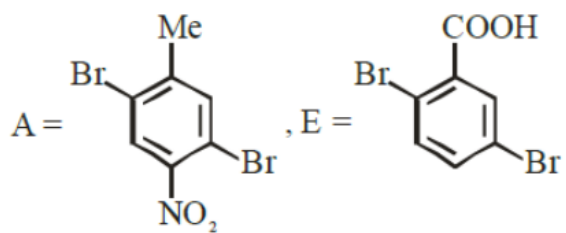


**Options:**

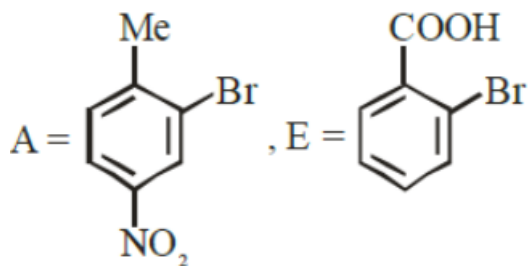
1. a
2. b.
3. c.
4. d.

**3. Identify the product formed (A and E) in the following reaction sequence:**

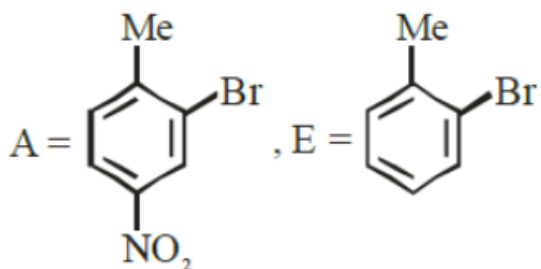




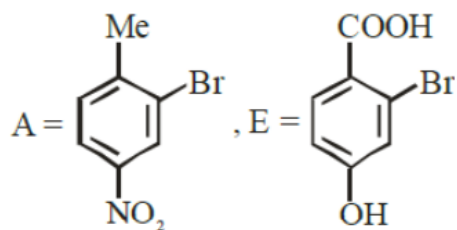
(A)



(B)



(C)



(D)

4. Match List I with List II and choose the correct answer from the options given below:

| List I (Elements) | List II (Colour imparted to the flame) |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------|
| K                 | Brick Red                              |
| Ca                | Violet                                 |
| Sr                | Apple Green                            |
| Ba                | Crimson Red                            |

(A) A-II, B-I, C-III, D-IV

(B) A-II, B-IV, C-I, D-III

(C) A-II, B-I, C-IV, D-III

(D) A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I

---

**5. Reaction of thionyl chloride with white phosphorus forms a compound [A], which on hydrolysis gives [B], a dibasic acid. [A] and [B] are respectively:**

(A)  $P_4O_6$  and  $H_3PO_3$

(B)  $PCl_3$  and  $H_3PO_3$

(C)  $PCl_5$  and  $H_3PO_4$

(D)  $POCl_3$  and  $H_3PO_4$

---

**6. A cubic solid is made up of two elements X and Y. Atoms of X are present on every alternate corner and one at the center of the cube. Y is at  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the total faces. The empirical formula of the compound is:**

(A)  $X_2Y_{1.5}$

(B)  $X_{2.5}Y$

(C)  $XY_{2.5}$

(D)  $X_{1.5}Y_2$

---

**7. The radius of the  $2^{nd}$  orbit of  $Li^{2+}$  is  $x$ . The expected radius of the  $3^{rd}$  orbit of  $Be^{3+}$  is:**

(A)  $\frac{9}{4}x$

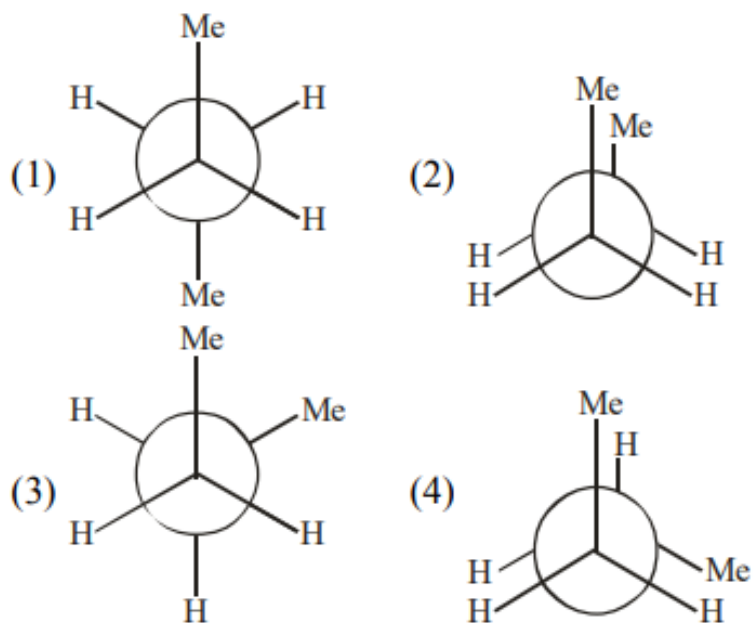
(B)  $\frac{4}{9}x$

(C)  $\frac{27}{16}x$

(D)  $\frac{16}{27}x$

---

8. Which of the following conformations will be the most stable?



(A) (1)

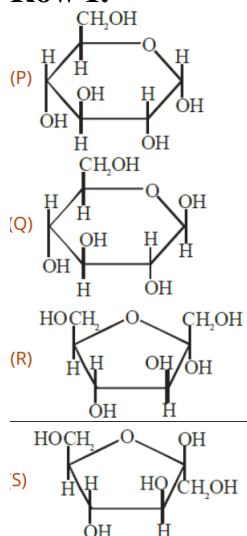
(B) (2)

(C) (3)

(D) (4)

9. Match items of Row I with those of Row II:

Row I:



Row II:

- (A) [(i)]  $\alpha$ -D-(-)-Fructofuranose
- (B) [(ii)]  $\beta$ -D-(-)-Fructofuranose
- (C) [(iii)]  $\alpha$ -D-(+)-Glucopyranose
- (D) [(iv)]  $\beta$ -D-(+)-Glucopyranose

**Correct Match:**

- (A) (1)  $P \rightarrow \text{iv}, Q \rightarrow \text{iii}, R \rightarrow \text{i}, S \rightarrow \text{ii}$
  - (B) (2)  $P \rightarrow \text{i}, Q \rightarrow \text{ii}, R \rightarrow \text{iii}, S \rightarrow \text{iv}$
  - (C) (3)  $P \rightarrow \text{iii}, Q \rightarrow \text{iv}, R \rightarrow \text{ii}, S \rightarrow \text{i}$
  - (D) (4)  $P \rightarrow \text{iii}, Q \rightarrow \text{iv}, R \rightarrow \text{i}, S \rightarrow \text{ii}$
- 

**10. Given below are two statements: one is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R:**

**Assertion A:** Acetal/Ketal is stable in basic medium.

**Reason R:** The high leaving tendency of alkoxide ion gives the stability to acetal/ketal in basic medium.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
  - (B) Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
  - (C) A is true but R is false
  - (D) A is false but R is true
- 

**11. Inert gases have positive electron gain enthalpy. Its correct order is:**

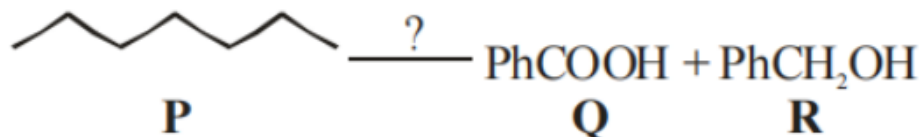
- (A)  $\text{Xe} < \text{Kr} < \text{Ne} < \text{He}$
- (B)  $\text{He} < \text{Ne} < \text{Kr} < \text{Xe}$
- (C)  $\text{He} < \text{Xe} < \text{Kr} < \text{Ne}$
- (D)  $\text{He} < \text{Kr} < \text{Xe} < \text{Ne}$

---

**12. Which one of the following reactions does not occur during the extraction of copper?**

- (A)  $2\text{Cu}_2\text{S} + 3\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Cu}_2\text{O} + 2\text{SO}_2$   
(B)  $2\text{FeS} + 3\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{FeO} + 2\text{SO}_2$   
(C)  $\text{CaO} + \text{SiO}_2 \rightarrow \text{CaSiO}_3$   
(D)  $\text{FeO} + \text{SiO}_2 \rightarrow \text{FeSiO}_3$
- 

**13. The correct sequence of reagents for the preparation of Q and R is:**



- (A) (i)  $\text{CrO}_3$ , 770 K, 20 atm; (ii)  $\text{CrO}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ,  $\text{H}^+$ ; (iii)  $\text{NaOH}$ ; (iv)  $\text{H}_3\text{O}^+$   
(B) (i)  $\text{CrO}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ,  $\text{H}_3\text{O}^+$ ; (ii)  $\text{CrO}_3$ , 770 K, 20 atm; (iii)  $\text{NaOH}$ ; (iv)  $\text{H}_3\text{O}^+$   
(C) (i)  $\text{KMnO}_4$ ,  $\text{OH}^-$ ; (ii)  $\text{MoO}_3$ ,  $\Delta$ ; (iii)  $\text{NaOH}$ ; (iv)  $\text{H}_3\text{O}^+$   
(D) (i)  $\text{MoO}_3$ ,  $\Delta$ ; (ii)  $\text{CrO}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ,  $\text{H}_3\text{O}^+$ ; (iii)  $\text{NaOH}$ ; (iv)  $\text{H}_3\text{O}^+$
- 

**14. The correct order in aqueous medium of basic strength in case of methyl-substituted amines is:**

- (A)  $\text{Me}_2\text{NH} > \text{MeNH}_2 > \text{Me}_3\text{N} > \text{NH}_3$   
(B)  $\text{Me}_2\text{N} > \text{Me}_3\text{NH} > \text{MeNH}_2 > \text{NH}_3$   
(C)  $\text{NH}_3 > \text{Me}_3\text{N} > \text{MeNH}_2 > \text{Me}_2\text{NH}$   
(D)  $\text{Me}_3\text{N} > \text{Me}_2\text{NH} > \text{MeNH}_2 > \text{NH}_3$
-

**15. 25-volume hydrogen peroxide means:**

- (A) 1 L marketed solution contains 250 g of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$
  - (B) 1 L marketed solution contains 75 g of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$
  - (C) 1 L marketed solution contains 25 g of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$
  - (D) 1 L marketed solution contains 25 g of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- 

**16. Which of the following statements is incorrect for antibiotics?**

- (A) An antibiotic must be a product of metabolism.
  - (B) An antibiotic is a synthetic substance produced as a structural analogue of naturally occurring antibiotic.
  - (C) An antibiotic should promote the survival of microorganisms.
  - (D) An antibiotic should be effective in low concentrations.
- 

**17. Compound A reacts with  $\text{NH}_3\text{Cl}$  and forms B and C. Compound B reacts with  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  and  $\text{CO}_2$  to form C. The compounds A, B, and C are:**

- (A)  $\text{CaCl}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$ ,  $\text{NH}_4\text{HCO}_3$
  - (B)  $\text{CaCl}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_4^+$ ,  $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{CO}_3$
  - (C)  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$ ,  $\text{NH}_4\text{HCO}_3$
  - (D)  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_4^+$ ,  $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{CO}_3$
- 

**18. Some reactions of  $\text{NO}_2$  relevant to photochemical smog formation are:**



Identify A, B, X, and Y:

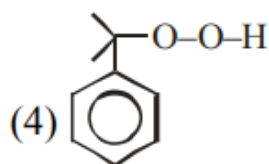
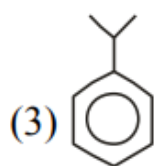
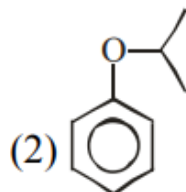
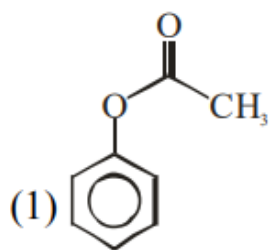
- (A)  $X = O$ ,  $Y = NO$ ,  $A = O_2$ ,  $B = O_3$   
(B)  $X = N_2O$ ,  $Y = O$ ,  $A = O_3$ ,  $B = NO$   
(C)  $X = \frac{1}{2} O_2$ ,  $Y = NO_2$ ,  $A = O_3$ ,  $B = O_2$   
(D)  $X = NO$ ,  $Y = O$ ,  $A = O_2$ ,  $B = N_2O_3$
- 

**19. Match the List-I with List-II:**

| Cations (List-I)                 | Group Reaction (List-II)                    |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| $P \rightarrow Pb^{2+}, Cu^{2+}$ | (i) $H_2S$ gas in presence of dilute $HCl$  |
| $Q \rightarrow Al^{3+}, Fe^{3+}$ | (ii) $(NH_4)_2CO_3$ in presence of $NH_4OH$ |
| $R \rightarrow Co^{2+}, Ni^{2+}$ | (iii) $NH_4OH$ in presence of $NH_4Cl$      |
| $S \rightarrow Ba^{2+}, Ca^{2+}$ | (iv) $H_2S$ in presence of $NH_4OH$         |

- (1)  $P \rightarrow i$ ,  $Q \rightarrow iii$ ,  $R \rightarrow ii$ ,  $S \rightarrow iv$   
(2)  $P \rightarrow iv$ ,  $Q \rightarrow ii$ ,  $R \rightarrow iii$ ,  $S \rightarrow i$   
(3)  $P \rightarrow iii$ ,  $Q \rightarrow i$ ,  $R \rightarrow iv$ ,  $S \rightarrow ii$   
(4)  $P \rightarrow i$ ,  $Q \rightarrow iii$ ,  $R \rightarrow iv$ ,  $S \rightarrow ii$
- 

**20. In the cumene to phenol preparation in the presence of air, the intermediate is:**



## Section B

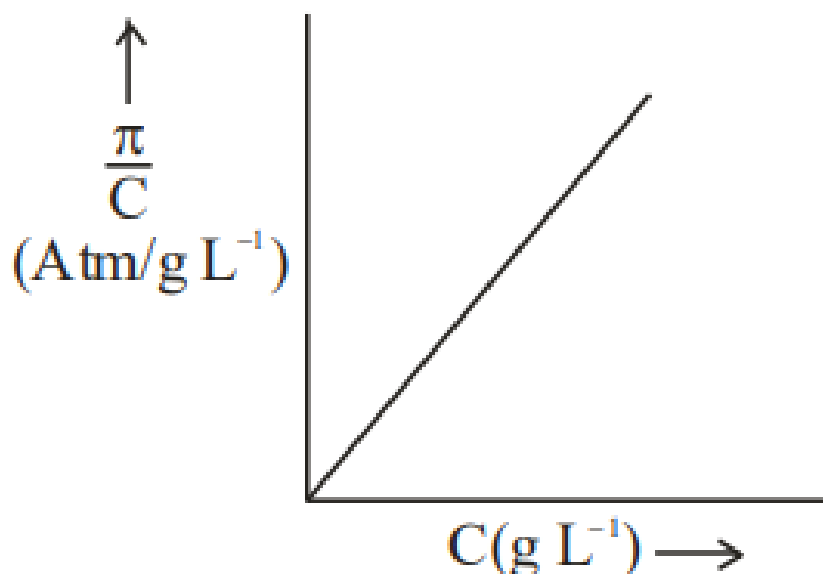
**21. An athlete is given 100 g of glucose ( $C_6H_{12}O_6$ ) for energy, which is equivalent to 1800 kJ of energy. If 50% of this energy is utilized for activities, the weight of extra water needed to perspire is ..... g. (Nearest integer)**

**Given:** Enthalpy of evaporation of water = 45 kJ/mol; molar masses: C = 12 g/mol, H = 1 g/mol, O = 16 g/mol.

---

**22. A litre of buffer solution contains 0.1 mole of each  $NH_3$  and  $NH_4Cl$ . On addition of 0.02 mole of HCl, the pH of the solution is found to be .....  $\times 10^{-3}$  (Nearest integer).**

**Given:**  $pK_b(NH_3) = 4.745$ ;  $\log 2 = 0.301$ ;  $\log 3 = 0.477$ ;  $T = 298$  K.



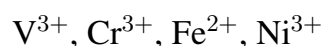
---

23. The osmotic pressure of solutions of PVC in cyclohexanone at 300 K are plotted on the graph. The molar mass of PVC is .....  $\text{g mol}^{-1}$  (Nearest integer).

Given:  $R = 0.083 \text{ L atm K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

---

24. How many of the following metal ions have a similar value of spin-only magnetic moment in the gaseous state?



Given: Atomic numbers: V = 23, Cr = 24, Fe = 26, Ni = 28.

---

25. The density of a monobasic strong acid (Molar mass  $24.2 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ ) is  $1.21 \text{ kg L}^{-1}$ . The volume of its solution required for the complete neutralization of 25 mL of 0.24 M NaOH is .....  $\times 10^{-3} \text{ mL}$  (Nearest integer).

---

26. For the first-order reaction  $A \rightarrow B$ , the half-life is 30 min. The time taken for 75% completion of the reaction is \_\_\_\_\_ min (Nearest integer).

---

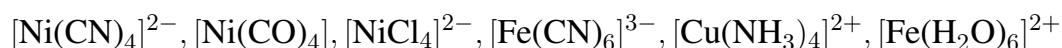
27. The total number of lone pairs of electrons on oxygen atoms of ozone is \_\_\_\_\_.

---

28. In sulphur estimation, 0.471 g of an organic compound gave 1.4439 g of barium sulphate. The percentage of sulphur in the compound is \_\_\_\_\_ (Nearest Integer).  
Given: Atomic masses: Ba = 137, S = 32, O = 16.

---

29. The number of paramagnetic species from the following is \_\_\_\_\_.



30. Consider the cell:



Given:  $E^\circ_{\text{Fe}^{3+}/\text{Fe}^{2+}} = 0.771 \text{ V}$ ,  $E^\circ_{\text{H}^+/\text{H}_2} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T = 298 \text{ K}$ .

If the potential of the cell is 0.712 V, the ratio of concentration of  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$  to  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$  is \_\_\_\_\_ (Nearest integer).

---