

JEE Main 2023 April 10 Shift 1 Physics Question Paper

Time Allowed :3 Hours

Maximum Marks :300

Total Questions :90

General Instructions

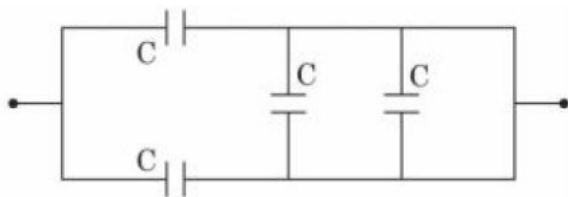
Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:

1. The test is of 3 hours duration.
2. The question paper consists of 90 questions, out of which 75 are to attempted.
The maximum marks are 300.
3. There are three parts in the question paper consisting of Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics having 30 questions in each part of equal weightage.
4. Each part (subject) has two sections.
 - (i) Section-A: This section contains 20 multiple choice questions which have only one correct answer. Each question carries 4 marks for correct answer and -1 mark for wrong answer.
 - (ii) Section-B: This section contains 10 questions. In Section-B, attempt any five questions out of 10. The answer to each of the questions is a numerical value. Each question carries 4 marks for correct answer and -1 mark for wrong answer. For Section-B, the answer should be rounded off to the nearest integer

Physics

Section-A

Question 1: The equivalent capacitance of the combination shown is



Where $C_1 = C_2 = C$ and $C_3 = C_4 = C$.

- (1) $4C$
- (2) $\frac{5}{3}C$
- (3) $\frac{C}{2}$
- (4) $2C$

Question 2: Match List I with List II :

List I

- (A) 3 Translational degrees of freedom
- (B) 3 Translational, 2 rotational degrees of freedoms
- (C) 3 Translational, 2 rotational and 1 vibrational degrees of freedom
- (D) 3 Translational, 3 rotational and more than one vibrational degrees of freedom

List II

- (I) Monoatomic gases
- (II) Polyatomic gases
- (III) Rigid diatomic gases
- (IV) Nonrigid diatomic gases

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A)-(I), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)
- (2) (A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)
- (3) (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)
- (4) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)

Question 3: Given below are two statements :

Statements I : If the number of turns in the coil of a moving coil galvanometer is doubled then the current sensitivity becomes double.

Statements II : Increasing current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer by only increasing the number of turns in the coil will also increase its voltage sensitivity in the same ratio

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
 - (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
 - (3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
 - (4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
-

Question 4: Given below are two statements:

Statement I: Maximum power is dissipated in a circuit containing an inductor, a capacitor and a resistor connected in series with an AC source, when resonance occurs

Statement II: Maximum power is dissipated in a circuit containing pure resistor due to zero phase difference between current and voltage.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
 - (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
 - (3) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
 - (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
-

Question 5: The range of the projectile projected at an angle of 15° with horizontal is 50 m. If the projectile is projected with same velocity at an angle of 45° with horizontal, then its range will be

- (1) $100\sqrt{2}\text{m}$
 - (2) 50 m
 - (3) 100 m
 - (4) $50\sqrt{2}\text{m}$
-

Question 6: A particle of mass m moving with velocity v collides with a stationary particle of mass $2m$. After collision, they stick together and continue to move together with velocity

- (1) $\frac{v}{2}$

- (2) $\frac{v}{3}$
 - (3) $\frac{v}{4}$
 - (4) v
-

Question 7: Two satellites of masses m and $3m$ revolve around the earth in circular orbits of radii r & $3r$ respectively. The ratio of orbital speeds of the satellites respectively is

- (1) $3 : 1$
 - (2) $1 : 1$
 - (3) $\sqrt{3} : 1$
 - (4) $9 : 1$
-

Question 8: Assuming the earth to be a sphere of uniform mass density, the weight of a body at a depth $d = \frac{R}{2}$ from the surface of earth, if its weight on the surface of earth is **200 N**, will be:

- (1) 500 N
 - (2) 400 N
 - (3) 100 N
 - (4) 300 N
-

Question 9: The de Broglie wavelength of a molecule in a gas at room temperature (300 K) is λ_1 . If the temperature of the gas is increased to 600 K, then the de Broglie wavelength of the same gas molecule becomes

- (1) $2\lambda_1$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\lambda_1$
 - (3) $\sqrt{2}\lambda_1$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{2}\lambda_1$
-

Question 10: A physical quantity P is given as

$$P = \frac{a^2 b^3}{c \sqrt{d}}$$

The percentage error in the measurement of a, b, c and d are 1%, 2%, 3% and 4% respectively. The percentage error in the measurement of quantity P will be

- (1) 14%
- (2) 13%
- (3) 16%
- (4) 12%

Question 11: Consider two containers A and B containing monoatomic gases at the same Pressure (P), Volume (V) and Temperature (T). The gas in A is compressed isothermally to $\frac{1}{8}$ of its original volume while the gas in B is compressed adiabatically to $\frac{1}{8}$ of its original volume. The ratio of final pressure of gas in B to that of gas in A is

- (1) 8
- (2) 4
- (3) $\frac{1}{8}$
- (4) $8^{\frac{3}{2}}$

Question 12: Given below are two statements:

Statements I: Pressure in a reservoir of water is same at all points at the same level of water.

Statements II: The pressure applied to enclosed water is transmitted in all directions equally.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statements I and Statements II are false
- (2) Both Statements I and Statements II are true
- (3) Statements I is true but Statements II is false
- (4) Statements I is false but Statements II is true

Question 13: The position-time graphs for two students A and B returning from school to their homes are shown in the figure.

[scale=0.8] [-l] (0,0) – (4,0) node[right] t ; [-l] (0,0) – (0,4) node[above] x ; (0,0) – (3,3)
node[right] A; (0,0) – (3,2) node[right] B; at (0,0) [below left] O;

- (A) A lives closer to the school
- (B) B lives closer to the school
- (C) A takes lesser time to reach home
- (D) A travels faster than B
- (E) B travels faster than A

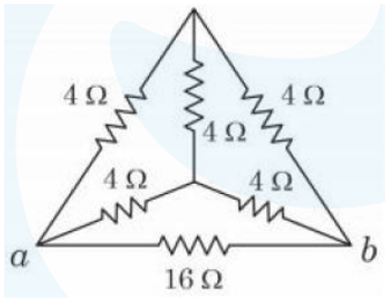
Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A) and (E) only
- (2) (A), (C) and (E) only
- (3) (B) and (E) only
- (4) (A), (C) and (D) only

Question 14: The energy of an electromagnetic wave contained in a small volume oscillates with

- (1) double the frequency of the wave
- (2) the frequency of the wave
- (3) zero frequency
- (4) half the frequency of the wave

Question 15: The equivalent resistance of the circuit shown below between points a and b is:



- (1) $20\ \Omega$
- (2) $16\ \Omega$
- (3) $24\ \Omega$
- (4) $3.2\ \Omega$

Question 16: A carrier wave of amplitude 15 V modulated by a sinusoidal base band signal of amplitude 3 V. The ratio of maximum amplitude to minimum amplitude in an amplitude modulated wave is

- (1) 2
- (2) 1
- (3) 5
- (4) $\frac{3}{2}$

Question 17: A particle executes S.H.M. of amplitude A along x-axis. At $t = 0$, the position of the particle is $x = -\frac{A}{2}$ and it moves along positive x-axis. The displacement of particle in time t is $x = A \sin(\omega t + \delta)$, then the value δ will be

- (1) $\frac{\pi}{4}$
- (2) $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- (3) $\frac{\pi}{3}$
- (4) $\frac{\pi}{6}$

Question 18: The angular momentum for the electron in Bohr's orbit is L. If the electron is assumed to revolve in second orbit of hydrogen atom, then the change in angular mo-

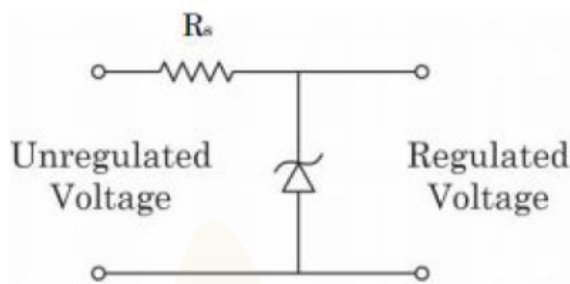
mentum will be

- (1) $\frac{L}{2}$
- (2) zero
- (3) L
- (4) 2L

Question 19: An object is placed at a distance of 12 cm in front of a plane mirror. The virtual and erect image is formed by the mirror. Now the mirror is moved by 4 cm towards the stationary object. The distance by which the position of image would be shifted, will be

- (1) 4 cm towards mirror
- (2) 8 cm away from mirror
- (3) 2 cm towards mirror
- (4) 8 cm towards mirror

Question 20: A zener diode of power rating 1.6 W is used as a voltage regulator. If the zener diode has a breakdown voltage of 8 V and it has to regulate voltage fluctuating between 3 V and 10 V, what is the value of resistance R_s for safe operation of the diode?



- (1) $13.3\ \Omega$
- (2) $13\ \Omega$
- (3) $10\ \Omega$
- (4) $12\ \Omega$

Section B

Question 21: Unpolarised light of intensity 32 Wm^{-2} passes through the combination of three polaroids such that the pass axis of the last polaroid is perpendicular to that of the pass axis of first polaroid. If intensity of emerging light is 3 Wm^{-2} , then the angle between pass axis of first two polaroids is°

Question 22: If the earth suddenly shrinks to $\frac{1}{64}$ th of its original volume with its mass remaining the same, the period of rotation of earth becomes $\frac{24}{x}$ h. The value of x is

Question 23: Three concentric spherical metallic shells X, Y and Z of radius a, b and c respectively [$a < b < c$] have surface charge densities σ , $-\sigma$ and σ , respectively. The shells X and Z are at the same potential. If the radii of X & Y are 2 cm and 3 cm, respectively. The radius of shell Z is cm.

Question 24: A transverse harmonic wave on a string is given by

$$y(x, t) = 5 \sin(6t + 0.003x)$$

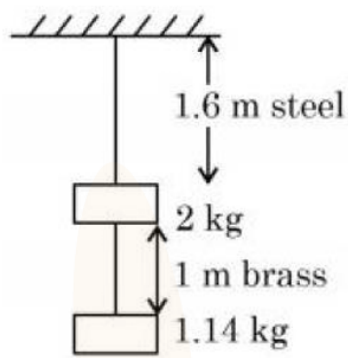
where x and y are in cm and t in sec. The wave velocity is ms^{-1} .

Question 25: 10 resistors each of resistance 10Ω can be connected in such as to get maximum and minimum equivalent resistance. The ratio of maximum and minimum equivalent resistance will be

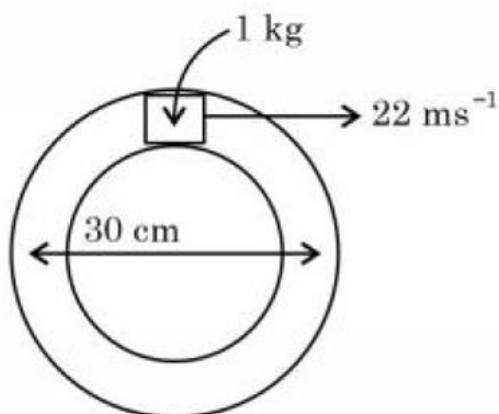
Question 26: The decay constant for a radioactive nuclide is $1.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ s}^{-1}$. Atomic weight of the substance is 60 g mole^{-1} . ($N_A = 6 \times 10^{23}$). The activity of $1.0 \mu\text{g}$ of the substance is $\times 10^{10} \text{ Bq}$.

Question 27: Two wires each of radius 0.2 cm and negligible mass, one made of steel and the

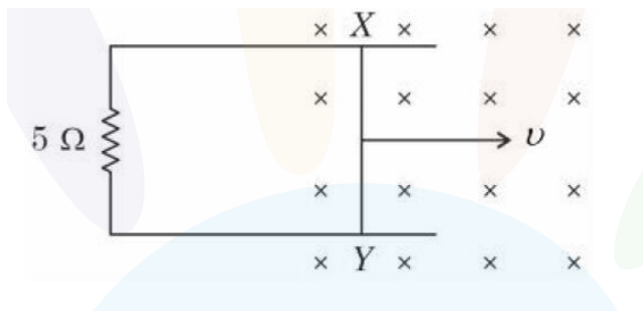
other made of brass are loaded as shown in the figure. The elongation of the steel wire is $\times 10^{-6}$ m. [Young's modulus for steel = $2 \times 10^{11} \text{ Nm}^{-2}$ and $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$]



Question 28: A closed circular tube of average radius 15 cm, whose inner walls are rough, is kept in vertical plane. A block of mass 1 kg just fit inside the tube. The speed of block is 22 m/s, when it is introduced at the top of tube. After completing five oscillations, the block stops at the bottom region of tube. The work done by the tube on the block is J . (Given: $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$)



Question 29: A 1 m long metal rod XY completes the circuit as shown in figure. The plane of the circuit is perpendicular to the magnetic field of flux density 0.15 T. If the resistance of the circuit is 5ω , the force needed to move the rod in direction, as indicated, with a constant speed of 4 m/s will be $\times 10^{-3} \text{ N}$.



Question 30: The current required to be passed through a solenoid of 15 cm length and 60 turns in order to demagnetize a bar magnet of magnetic intensity $2.4 \times 10^3\text{ Am}^{-1}$ is A.
