Jee Main 23rd Jan 2025 Shift 2 Question Paper

Mathematics

- 1. If in the expansion of $(1+x)^p(1-x)^q$, the coefficients of x and x^2 are 1 and -2, respectively, then p^2+q^2 is equal to:
- (1) 8
- (2) 18
- (3) 13
- (4) 20
- **2.** Let $A = \{(x,y) \in R \times R : |x+y| \ge 3\}$ and $B = \{(x,y) \in R \times R : |x| + |y| \le 3\}$. If $C = \{(x,y) \in A \cap B : x = 0 \text{ or } y = 0\}$, then

$$\sum_{(x,y)\in C} |x| + |y|$$

is:

- (1) 15
- (2) 18
- (3) 24
- (4) 12
- 3. The system of equations

$$x + y + z = 6,$$

$$x + 2y + 5z = 9,$$

$$x + 5y + \lambda z = \mu$$

has no solution if:

(1)
$$\lambda = 17, \mu \neq 18$$

(2)
$$\lambda \neq 17, \mu \neq 18$$

(3)
$$\lambda = 15, \mu \neq 17$$

(4)
$$\lambda = 17, \mu = 18$$

4. Let

 $\int x^3 \sin x \, dx = g(x) + C, \quad \text{where } C \text{ is the constant of integration.}$

If

$$g\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + g\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \alpha\pi^3 + \beta\pi^2 + \gamma, \quad \alpha, \beta, \gamma \in \mathbb{Z},$$

then

$$\alpha + \beta - \gamma$$
 equals:

- (1) 55
- (2) 47
- (3) 48
- (4) 62
- 5. A rod of length eight units moves such that its ends A and B always lie on the lines x y + 2 = 0 and y + 2 = 0, respectively. If the locus of the point P, that divides the rod AB internally in the ratio 2:1, is

$$9(x^2 + \alpha y^2 + \beta xy + \gamma x + 28y) - 76 = 0,$$

then

$$\alpha - \beta - \gamma$$
 is equal to:

- (1) 24
- (2) 23
- (3) 21
- (4) 22
- 6. The distance of the line $\frac{x-2}{2} = \frac{y-6}{3} = \frac{z-3}{4}$ from the point (1,4,0) along the line $\frac{x}{1} = \frac{y-2}{2} = \frac{z+3}{3}$ is:
 - $(1) \sqrt{7}$
- (2) $\sqrt{14}$
- (3) $\sqrt{15}$
- $(4) \sqrt{13}$
- 7. Let the point A divide the line segment joining the points P(-1, -1, 2) and Q(5, 5, 10) internally in the ratio r: 1 (r > 0). If O is the origin and

$$\left(\frac{|\overrightarrow{OQ}\cdot\overrightarrow{OA}|}{5}\right) - \frac{1}{5}|\overrightarrow{OP}\times\overrightarrow{OA}|^2 = 10,$$

then the value of r is:

- (1) 14
- $(2) \ 3$
- (3) $\sqrt{7}$
- (4) 7
- 8. If the area of the region

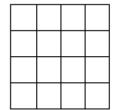
$$\{(x,y): -1 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le a + e^{|x|} - e^{-x}, a > 0\}$$

is

$$\frac{e^2 + 8e + 1}{e},$$

then the value of a is:

- (1) 7
- (2) 6
- (3) 8
- (4) 5
- 9. A spherical chocolate ball has a layer of ice-cream of uniform thickness around it. When the thickness of the ice-cream layer is 1 cm, the ice-cream melts at the rate of 81 cm⁸/min and the thickness of the ice-cream layer decreases at the rate of $\frac{1}{4\pi}$ cm/min. The surface area (in cm²) of the chocolate ball (without the ice-cream layer) is:
 - $(1) \ 225\pi$
- (2) 128π
- $(3)\ 196\pi$
- $(4) 256\pi$
- 10. A board has 16 squares as shown in the figure. Out of these 16 squares, two squares are chosen at random. The probability that they have no side in common is:



- (1)
- $(3) \frac{3}{5}$

- $(4) \frac{23}{30}$
- 11. Let x = x(y) be the solution of the differential equation:

$$y = \left(x - y\frac{dx}{dy}\right)\sin\left(\frac{x}{y}\right), y > 0 \text{ and } x(1) = \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

Then cos(x(2)) is equal to:

- $(1) 1 2(\log 2)^2$
- $(2) \ 2(\log 2)^2 1$
- $(3) \ 2(\log 2) 1$
- $(4) 1 2(\log 2)$
- 12. Let the range of the function

$$f(x) = 6 + 16\cos x \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - x\right) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + x\right) \cdot \sin 3x \cdot \cos 6x, \quad x \in R \text{ be } [\alpha, \beta].$$

Then the distance of the point (α, β) from the line 3x + 4y + 12 = 0 is:

- (1) 11
- (2) 8
- (3) 10
- (4) 9
- 13. Let the shortest distance from (a,0), where a>0, to the parabola $y^2=4x$ be 4. Then the equation of the circle passing through the point (a,0) and the focus of the parabola, and having its center on the axis of the parabola is:

$$(1) x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$$

$$(2) x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 3 = 0$$

$$(3) x^2 + y^2 - 10x + 9 = 0$$

$$(4) x^2 + y^2 - 8x + 7 = 0$$

14. Let $X = R \times R$. Define a relation R on X as:

$$(a_1, b_1) R (a_2, b_2) \iff b_1 = b_2.$$

Statement-I: R is an equivalence relation. Statement-II: For some $(a,b) \in X$, the set $S = \{(x,y) \in X : (x,y)R(a,b)\}$ represents a line parallel to y = x.

- (1) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are false.
- (2) Statement-I is true but Statement-II is false.

- (3) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are true.
- (4) Statement-II is false but Statement-II is true.

15. The length of the chord of the ellipse:

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{2} = 1,$$

whose mid-point is $(1, \frac{1}{2})$, is: $(1) \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{15}$ $(2) \frac{5}{3}\sqrt{15}$

- (3) $\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{15}$
- $(4) \sqrt{15}$

16. Let $A = [a_{ij}]$ be a 3×3 matrix such that:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Then a_{23} equals:

- (1) -1
- (2) 0
- (3) 2
- (4) 1

17. The number of complex numbers z, satisfying |z|=1 and

$$\left| \frac{z}{\overline{z}} + \frac{\overline{z}}{z} \right| = 1,$$

is:

- (1) 6
- (2) 4
- $(3)\ 10$
- (4) 8

18. If the square of the shortest distance between the lines

$$\frac{x-2}{1} = \frac{y-1}{2} = \frac{z+3}{-3}$$

and

$$\frac{x+1}{2} = \frac{y+3}{4} = \frac{z+5}{-5}$$

is $\frac{m}{n}$, where m and n are co-prime numbers, then m+n is equal to: (1) 6

- (2) 9
- (3) 21
- (4) 14

19. If

$$I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin^2 \frac{3}{2}x}{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x} \, dx,$$

then

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{x \sin x \cos x}{\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x} \, dx$$

equals:

- equals: $(1) \frac{\pi^2}{16}$ $(2) \frac{\pi^2}{4}$ $(3) \frac{\pi^2}{8}$ $(4) \frac{\pi^2}{12}$

20. Evaluate the following limit:

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{(2x^2 - 3x + 5)(3x - 1)^{x/2}}{(3x^2 + 5x + 4)\sqrt{(3x + 2)^x}}.$$

The value of the limit is:

- $(1) \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}e}$ $(2) \frac{2e}{\sqrt{3}}$ $(3) \frac{2e}{3}$ $(4) \frac{2}{3\sqrt{e}}$

21. The number of ways, 5 boys and 4 girls can sit in a row so that either all the boys sit together or no two boys sit together is:

22. Let α, β be the roots of the equation $x^2 - ax - b = 0$ with $\text{Im}(\alpha) < \text{Im}(\beta)$. Let $P_n = \alpha^n - \beta^n$. If

$$P_3 = -5\sqrt{7}, P_4 = -3\sqrt{7}, P_5 = 11\sqrt{7}, P_6 = 45\sqrt{7},$$

then $|\alpha^4 + \beta^4|$ is equal to:

- (1) 31
- (2) 33
- (3) 29
- (4) 32

23. The focus of the parabola $y^2 = 4x + 16$ is the center of the circle C with radius 5. If the values of λ , for which C passes through the point of intersection of the lines 3x - y = 0 and $x + \lambda y = 4$, are λ_1 and λ_2 , $\lambda_1 < \lambda_2$, then $12\lambda_1 + 29\lambda_2$ is equal to:

- 24. The variance of the numbers $8, 21, 34, 47, \ldots, 320$, is:
- 25. The roots of the quadratic equation $3x^2 px + q = 0$ are the 10th and 11th terms of an arithmetic progression with common difference $\frac{3}{2}$. If the sum of the first 11 terms of this arithmetic progression is 88, then q-2q is equal to:

Physics

- 26. A ball having kinetic energy KE, is projected at an angle of 60° from the horizontal. What will be the kinetic energy of the ball at the highest point of its flight?
- $\begin{array}{c} (1) \ \frac{KE}{8} \\ (2) \ \frac{KE}{4} \end{array}$
- (3) $\frac{KE}{16}$
- 27. Two charges $7 \mu C$ and $-4 \mu C$ are placed at (-7 cm, 0, 0) and (7 cm, 0, 0)respectively. Given, $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \,\mathrm{C}^2 \mathrm{N}^{-1} \mathrm{m}^{-2}$, the electrostatic potential energy of the charge configuration is:
- (1) -1.5 J
- (2) -2.0 J
- (3) -1.2 J
- (4) -1.8 J
- 28. The refractive index of the material of a glass prism is 3. The angle of minimum deviation is equal to the angle of the prism. What is the angle of the prism?

- $(1) 50^{\circ}$
- $(2) 60^{\circ}$
- $(3) 58^{\circ}$
- $(4) 48^{\circ}$
- 29. The equation of a transverse wave travelling along a string is $y(x,t) = 4.0 \sin \left(20 \times 10^{-3} x + 600t\right)$ mm, where x is in mm and t is in seconds. The velocity of the wave is:
- (1) +30 m/s
- (2) -60 m/s
- (3) -30 m/s
- (4) +60 m/s
- 30. The energy of a system is given as $E(t) = \alpha e^{-\beta t}$, where t is the time and $\beta = 0.3 \, \mathrm{s}^{-1}$. The errors in the measurement of α and t are 1.2 percent and 1.6 percent, respectively. At t = 5 s, the maximum percentage error in the energy is:
- $(1) \ 4(2) \ 11.6(3) \ 6(4) \ 8.4$
- 31. In the photoelectric effect, an electromagnetic wave is incident on a metal surface and electrons are ejected from the surface. If the work function of the metal is 2.14 eV and the stopping potential is 2V, what is the wavelength of the electromagnetic wave?

Given $hc = 1242\,\mathrm{eV}\cdot\mathrm{nm}$ where h is the Planck constant and c is the speed of light in vacuum.

- (1) 400 nm
- (2) 600 nm
- (3) 200 nm
- (4) 300 nm
- 32. A circular disk of radius R meter and mass M kg is rotating around the axis perpendicular to the disk. An external torque is applied to the disk such that $\theta(t) = 5t^2 8t$, where $\theta(t)$ is the angular position of the rotating disk as a function of time t. How much power is delivered by the applied torque, when t=2 s?
- $(1) 60MR^2$
- (2) $72MR^2$
- $(3) 108MR^2$
- $(4) 8MR^2$

- 33. Water flows in a horizontal pipe whose one end is closed with a valve. The reading of the pressure gauge attached to the pipe is P_1 . The reading of the pressure gauge falls to P_2 when the valve is opened. The speed of water flowing in the pipe is proportional to:
- (1) $\sqrt{P_1 P_2}$
- $(2) (P_1 P_2)^2$
- $(3) (P_1 P_2)^4$
- $(4) P_1 P_2$
- 34. Match List-I with List-II.

List-I	List-II
(A)Permeability of free space	$(I) \left[\text{M L}^2 \text{T}^{-2} \right]$
(B)Magnetic field	(II) $[M T^{-2}A^{-1}]$
(C)Magnetic moment	$\left (III) \right \left[M L T^{-2} A^{-2} \right] \right $
(D)Torsional constant	(IV) [L ² A]

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)
- (2) (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (3) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)
- 35. If a satellite orbiting the Earth is 9 times closer to the Earth than the Moon, what is the time period of rotation of the satellite? Given rotational time period of Moon = 27 days and gravitational attraction between the satellite and the moon is neglected.
- (1) 1 day
- (2) 81 days
- (3) 27 days
- (4) 3 days
- 36. Two point charges $-4\,\mu C$ and $4\,\mu C$, constituting an electric dipole, are placed at $(-9,0,0)\,\mathrm{cm}$ and $(9,0,0)\,\mathrm{cm}$ in a uniform electric field of strength $10^4\,\mathrm{N/C}$. The work done on the dipole in rotating it from the equilibrium through 180° is:
- (1) 14.4 mJ
- (2) 18.4 mJ
- (3) 12.4 mJ
- (4) 16.4 mJ

37. A galvanometer having a coil of resistance 30 Ω needs 20 mA of current
for full-scale deflection. If a maximum current of 3 A is to be measured
using this galvanometer, the resistance of the shunt to be added to the
galvanometer should be $X\Omega$, where X is:

- (1) 447
- (2) 298
- (3) 149
- (4) 596
- 38. The width of one of the two slits in Young's double-slit experiment is d while that of the other slit is xd. If the ratio of the maximum to the minimum intensity in the interference pattern on the screen is 9:4, then what is the value of x?

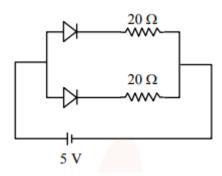
(Assume that the field strength varies according to the slit width.)

- (1) 2
- $(2) \ 3$
- $(3)\ 5$
- (4) 4
- 39. Given below are two statements. One is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R).

Assertion (A): The binding energy per nucleon is found to be practically independent of the atomic number A, for nuclei with mass numbers between 30 and 170. Reason (R): Nuclear force is long range.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A) is false but (R) is true
- (2) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (3) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (4) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A)
- 40. Water of mass m gram is slowly heated to increase the temperature from T_1 to T_2 . The change in entropy of the water, given specific heat of water is $1 \, \mathbf{J} \, \mathbf{kg}^{-1} \, \mathbf{K}^{-1}$, is:
- (1) zero
- (2) $m(T_2-T_1)$
- (3) $m \ln \left(\frac{T_1}{T_2}\right)$
- (4) $m \ln \left(\frac{T_2}{T_1}\right)$
- 41. What is the current through the battery in the circuit shown below?

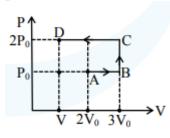


- (1) 1.0 A
- (2) 1.5 A
- (3) 0.5 A
- (4) 0.25 A

42. A plane electromagnetic wave of frequency 20 MHz travels in free space along the +x direction. At a particular point in space and time, the electric field vector of the wave is $E_y = 9.3 \, \text{V/m}$. Then, the magnetic field vector of the wave at that point is:

- (1) $B_z = 9.3 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $B_z = 1.55 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3) $B_z = 6.2 \times 10^{-8} \text{ T}$ (4) $B_z = 3.1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ T}$

43. Using the given P-V diagram, the work done by an ideal gas along the path ABCD is:



- $(1) 4P_0V_0$
- $(2) 3P_0V_0$
- $(3) -4P_0V_0$
- $(4) -3P_0V_0$

44. A concave mirror of focal length f in air is dipped in a liquid of refractive index μ . Its focal length in the liquid will be:

- $(1) \frac{f}{\mu}$
- (2) $\frac{f}{(\mu-1)}$
- $(3) \mu f$

(4) f

45. A massless spring gets elongated by amount x_1 under a tension of 5 N. Its elongation is x_2 under the tension of 7 N. For the elongation of $5x_1 - 2x_2$, the tension in the spring will be:

- (1) 15 N
- (2) 20 N
- (3) 11 N
- (4) 39 N

46. An air bubble of radius 1.0 mm is observed at a depth of 20 cm below the free surface of a liquid having surface tension $0.095\,\mathrm{J/m^2}$ and density $10^3\,\mathrm{kg/m^3}$. The difference between pressure inside the bubble and atmospheric pressure is:

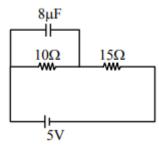
Given $g = 10 \,\mathrm{m/s}^2$.

- $(1) 2190 \text{ N/m}^2$
- (2) 2490 N/m²
- $(3) 2100 \text{ N/m}^2$
- $(4)\ 2000\ N/m^2$

47. A satellite of mass $\frac{M}{2}$ is revolving around Earth in a circular orbit at a height of $\frac{R}{3}$ from the Earth's surface. The angular momentum of the satellite is $M\sqrt{\frac{GMR}{x}}$. The value of x is:

- (1) 2
- $(2) \ 3$
- (3) 4
- (4) 5

48. At steady state, the charge on the capacitor, as shown in the circuit below, is $-\mu C$.



- 49. A time-varying potential difference is applied between the plates of a parallel plate capacitor of capacitance $2.5\,\mu F$. The dielectric constant of the medium between the capacitor plates is 1. It produces an instantaneous displacement current of $0.25\,\mathrm{mA}$ in the intervening space between the capacitor plates, the magnitude of the rate of change of the potential difference will be Vs⁻¹.
- (1) 1000
- (2) 100
- (3) 10
- (4) 1
- 50. In a series LCR circuit, a resistor of $300\,\Omega$, a capacitor of $25\,\mathrm{nF}$, and an inductor of $100\,\mathrm{mH}$ are used. For maximum current in the circuit, the angular frequency of the AC source is —×10⁴ radians s⁻¹.
- (1) 2
- $(2) \ 3$
- (3) 4
- $(4)\ 5$

Chemistry

51. The effect of temperature on the spontaneity of reactions are represented as:

ΔH	ΔS	Temperature	Spontaneity
+		any T	Non spontaneous
+	+	low T	spontaneous
_	_	low T	Non spontaneous
_	+	any T	spontaneous

Which of the following is correct?

- (1) (B) and (D) only
- (2) (A) and (D) only
- (3) (B) and (C) only
- (4) (A) and (C) only
- 52. Standard electrode potentials for a few half-cells are mentioned below:

Half-cell	Standard Electrode Potential
Cu ²⁺ /Cu	$+0.34{ m V}$
$\mathrm{Zn}^{2+}/\mathrm{Zn}$	$-0.76\mathrm{V}$
Ag^{+}/Ag	$+0.80{ m V}$
$\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}/\mathrm{Mg}$	$-2.37\mathrm{V}$

Which one of the following cells gives the most negative value of ΔG° ?

- (1) $\operatorname{Zn}|\operatorname{Zn}^{2+}(1M)||\operatorname{Ag}^{+}(1M)||\operatorname{Ag}$ (2) $\operatorname{Zn}|\operatorname{Zn}^{2+}(1M)||\operatorname{Mg}^{2+}(1M)||\operatorname{Mg}$ (3) $\operatorname{Ag}|\operatorname{Ag}^{+}(1M)||\operatorname{Mg}^{2+}(1M)||\operatorname{Mg}$
- (4) $Cu|Cu^{2+}(1M)||Ag^{+}(1M)|Ag$

53. The alpha-helix and beta-pleated sheet structures of a protein are associated with its:

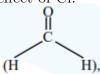
- (1) quaternary structure
- (2) primary structure
- (3) secondary structure
- (4) tertiary structure

54. Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): In the case of formaldehyde, K is about 2280, due to small substituents, hydration is faster.

$$R + H_2O \rightleftharpoons R + H_2O$$

Statement (II): In the case of trichloroacetaldehyde, K is about 2000 due to the -I effect of Cl.



In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Statement I true but Statement II is false
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- (3) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
- (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are false

55. Consider the reaction:

$$X_2Y(g) \rightleftharpoons X_2(g) + \frac{1}{2}Y_2(g)$$

The equation representing the correct relationship between the degree of dissociation xof $X_2Y(g)$ with its equilibrium constant K_p is:

(1)
$$x = \frac{2K_p}{n}$$

(1)
$$x = \frac{2K_p}{p}$$

(2) $x = \sqrt{\frac{2K_p}{p}}$
(3) $x = \frac{K_p}{2p}$

$$(3) x = \frac{K_p}{2p}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{\frac{K_p}{p}}$$

56. Identify A, B, and C in the given reaction sequence:

$$A \xrightarrow{HNO_3} Pb(NO_3)_2 \xrightarrow{H_2SO_4} B \to C \text{ (Yellow ppt)}.$$

- (1) Ammonium acetate
- (2) Acetic acid
- (3) K_2CrO_4

57. Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): The boiling points of alcohols and phenols increase with increase in the number of C-atoms.

Statement (II): The boiling points of alcohols and phenols are higher in comparison to other classes of compounds such as ethers and haloalkanes.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- (2) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
- (3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true

58. When a non-volatile solute is added to the solvent, the vapour pressure of the solvent decreases by 10 mm of Hg. The mole fraction of the solute in the solution is 0.2. What would be the mole fraction of the solvent if the decrease in vapour pressure is 20 mm of Hg?

- (1) 0.6
- (2) 0.4
- (3) 0.2
- (4) 0.8

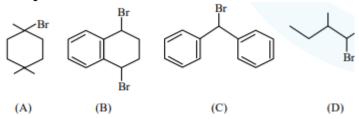
59. Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): For a given shell, the total number of allowed orbitals is given by n^2 . **Statement** (II): For any subshell, the spatial orientation of the orbitals is given by -l to +l values including zero.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- (2) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
- (3) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are false

60. The ascending order of relative rate of solvolysis of the following compounds is:



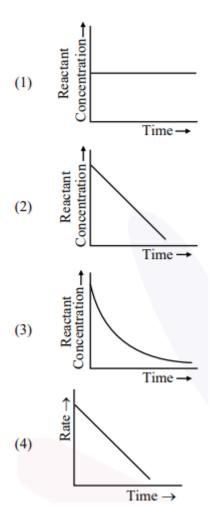
- (A) Cyclohexyl bromide
- (B) Benzyl bromide
- (C) Phenylmethyl bromide
- (D) Allyl bromide
- (1) (D) < (A) < (B) < (C)
- (2) (C) < (B) < (A) < (D)
- (3) (C) < (B) < (A) < (D)
- (4) (C) < (D) < (B) < (A)

61. Match List-I with List-II.

List-I	Isomers of $C_{10}H_{14}$	List-II	Ozonolysis product
(A)	Cyclohexene derivative	(I)	Aldehyde product
(B)	1,2-Dimethylcyclohexene	(II)	Diketone product
(C)	1-Methylcyclohexene	(III)	Aldehyde and ketone product
(D)	1,4-Dimethylcyclohexene	(IV)	Aldehyde product

- (1) (A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)
- (2) (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)
- (3) (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)
- (4) (A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)

62. Which of the following graphs most appropriately represents a zero-order reaction?



63. Match List-I with List-II.

List-I	List-II		Materials
(A) Bronze	(I)		Cu, Ni
(B) Brass	(II)		Fe, Cr, Ni, C
(C) UK silve	er coin	(III)	Cu, Zn
(D) Stainless	s Steel	(IV)	Cu, Sn

$$(1)$$
 $(A)-(IV)$, $(B)-(II)$, $(C)-(III)$, $(D)-(I)$

$$(3) (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)$$

$${\rm (4)\ (A)\text{-}(III),\ (B)\text{-}(IV),\ (C)\text{-}(II),\ (D)\text{-}(I)}$$

64. Identify the coordination complexes in which the central metal ion has a d^4 configuration.

(A)
$$[FeO_4^{2-}]$$
 (I) No (B) $[Mn(CN)_6]^{3-}$ (II) Yes

(C) $[Fe(CN)_6]^{3-}$ (III) Yes

- (D) $[Cr_2(O C Me)_4(H_2O)_2O]$ (IV) No
- (E) $[NiF_6^{2-}]$ (V)
- (1) (C) and (E) only
- (2) (B), (C) and (D) only
- (3) (B) and (D) only
- (4) (A), (B) and (E) only
- 65. Given below are the atomic numbers of some group 14 elements. The atomic number of the element with the lowest melting point is:
- (1) 14
- (2) 6
- (3)82
- (4) 50
- 66. pH of water is 7 at 25°C. If water is heated to 80°C, its pH will:
- (1) Decrease
- (2) Remain the same
- (3) H⁺ concentration increases, OH⁻ concentration decreases
- (4) Increase
- 67. Identify the products [A] and [B] respectively in the following reaction:

$$C_6H_5C1 \xrightarrow{\text{NaOH},623K,300 atm} [A] \xrightarrow{\text{Na}_2Cr}_2O_7 [B] \xrightarrow{\text{H}^+}$$

68. Consider a binary solution of two volatile liquid components 1 and 2. x_1 and y_1 are the mole fractions of component 1 in the liquid and vapor phase, respectively. The slope and intercept of the linear plot of $\frac{1}{x_1}$ vs $\frac{1}{y_1}$ are given respectively as:

- $(1) \frac{p_1^0}{p_2^0} \frac{p_1^0}{p_2^0}$
- $(2) \frac{p_2^0}{p_1^0} \frac{p_1^0}{p_2^0}$
- $(3) \frac{p_1^0}{p_2^0} \frac{p_2^0}{p_2^0}$
- $(4) \frac{p_2^{\bar{0}}}{p_1^{\bar{0}}} \frac{p_2^{\bar{0}}}{p_1^{\bar{0}}}$

69. Given below are two statements about X-ray spectra of elements:

Statement (I): A plot of ν (frequency of X-rays emitted) vs atomic mass is a straight line. Statement (II): A plot of ν (frequency of X-rays emitted) vs atomic number is a straight line.

- (1) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- (3) Both Statement I and Statement II are false

70. Consider the following reactions:

$$K_2Cr_2O_7 + 2KOH \xrightarrow{\text{heat}} [A]$$

$$[A] + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow [B] + K_2SO_4$$

The products [A] and [B], respectively are:

- (1) $K_2Cr(OH)_6$ and Cr_2O_3
- (2) K_2CrO_4 and Cr_2O_3
- (3) K_2CrO_4 and $K_2Cr_2O_7$
- (4) K_2CrO_4 and CrO

71. 0.01 mole of an organic compound (X) containing 10% hydrogen, on complete combustion, produced 0.9 g H2O. Molar mass of (X) is — g mol^{-1} .

72. Consider the following reactions:

$$\mathrm{NH_2O} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{NaNO_2,HCl,0-5}^{\circ}C} [A] \xrightarrow{\mathrm{HCl\ dil.,NaOH}} [B]$$

- (i) The molecular formula of [A] is CHNO
- (ii) The molecular formula of [C] is CHNO

The total number of sp⁸ hybridized carbon atoms in the major product [C] formed is —.

- 73. When 81.0 g of aluminium is allowed to react with 128.0 g of oxygen gas, the mass of aluminium oxide produced in grams is (nearest integer).
- 74. The bond dissociation enthalpy of X_2 calculated from the given data is kJ mol⁻¹ (nearest integer).

$$M(s) + X(s) \to M^{+}(g) + X^{-}(g)$$
 $\Delta H_{\text{lattice}} = 800 \,\text{kJ/mol}$ $M(s) \to M(g)$ $\Delta H_{\text{sub}} = 100 \,\text{kJ/mol}$ $M(g) \to M^{+}(g) + e^{-}(g)$ $\Delta H_{\text{i}} = 500 \,\text{kJ/mol}$ $X(g) + e^{-}(g) \to X^{-}(g)$ $\Delta H_{\text{eg}} = -300 \,\text{kJ/mol}$ $M(s) + X_{2}(g) \to M^{+}X^{-}(s)$ $\Delta H_{\text{f}} = -400 \,\text{kJ/mol}$

75. A compound 'X' absorbs 2 moles of hydrogen and 'X' upon oxidation with KMnO4 - H+ gives the following products:

The total number of σ bonds present in the compound 'X' is —-.

- (1) 27
- $(2)\ 30$
- (3) 32
- (4) 34