Series: GEH6F

रोल नं. Roll No.



 $SET \sim 1$



प्रस्त-पत्र कोड 32/6/1

परीक्षार्थी प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें।

Candidates must write the Q.P. Code on the title page of the answer-book.



सामाजिक विज्ञान



SOCIAL SCIENCE

निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे

Time allowed: 3 hours

अधिकतम अंक : 80

Maximum Marks: 80

नोट / NOTE

- (I) कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 32 (मानचित्र सहित) हैं।
 Please check that this question paper contains 32 printed pages (Including Map).
- (II) कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 37 प्रश्न हैं।
 Please check that this question paper contains 37 questions.
- (III) प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें।

 Q.P. Code given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- (IV) कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में यथा स्थान पर प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें।
 Please write down the serial number of the question in the answerbook at the given place before attempting it.
- (V) इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है। प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह्म में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा। 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक परीक्षार्थी केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अविध के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे।

15 minutes time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the candidates will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.



General Instructions:

Read the following instructions carefully and follow them:

- This question paper contains 37 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Question paper is divided into SIX sections Section A, B, C, D, E and F.
- (iii) Section A Question number 1 to 20 are Multiple Choice type questions.
 Each question carries 1 mark.
- (iv) Section B Question number 21 to 24 are Very Short Answer type questions. Each question carries 2 marks. Answer to these questions should not exceed 40 words.
- (v) Section C Question number 25 to 29 are Short Answer type questions.

 Each question carries 3 marks. Answer to these questions should not exceed 60 words.
- (vi) Section D Question number 30 to 33 are Long Answer (LA) type questions. Each question carries 5 marks. Answer to these questions should not exceed 120 words.
- (vii) Section E Question number 34 to 36 are Case-based/Source-based questions with three sub-questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
- (viii) Section F Question number 37 is Map Skill based question with two parts - 37(a) History (2 marks) and 37(b) Geography (3 marks). This question carries total 5 marks.
- (ix) In addition to this, NOTE that a separate question has been provided for Visually Impaired Candidates in lieu of questions having visual inputs, Map etc. Such questions are to be attempted by Visually Impaired Candidates only.



SECTION - A

(Multiple Choice Questions)

 $(20 \times 1 = 20)$

 Rama is a farmer. She needs loan for agriculture work. Which of the following sources of loan will be beneficial for Rama? Choose the most appropriate option:

1

- I. Bank
- II. Agricultural Trader
- III. Self-Help Group
- IV. Government

Options:

- (A) Only I, III and IV are correct.
- (B) Only I, II and III are correct.
- (C) Only II, III and IV are correct.
- (D) Only I, II and IV are correct.
- 2. 'Per capita income' is criterion for development of which one of the following?

- (A) United Nations Development Programme
- (B) World Health Organisation
- (C) World Trade Organisation
- (D) World Bank



3. Read the following statements for stimulating the process of globalization and choose the correct options:

1

- Government reduces trade barriers.
- II. Government reduces competition among producers.
- III. Government reduces import and export taxes.
- IV. Government removes restrictions on foreign investment.

Options:

- (A) Only I, II and III are correct.
- (B) Only II, III and IV are correct.
- (C) Only I, III and IV are correct.
- (D) Only I, II and IV are correct.
- Which of the following provisions have been made under the 'Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act 2005'?

1

1

- (A) Government ensures 100 days of employment for all residents.
- (B) Government ensures 200 days of employment for all rural residents.
- (C) Government provides grains in exchange of work in rural areas.
- (D) Government provides unemployment allowance to the beneficiaries in case of failure to provide employment.
- Two statements are given below. They are Assertion (A) and Reason (R).
 Read both the statements carefully and choose the correct option.

Assertion (A): Rupees is accepted as medium of exchange in India.

Reason (R): The World Bank legalises the use of rupee as a medium of payment in India.

Options:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (C) (A) is correct, but (R) is incorrect.
- (D) (A) is incorrect, but (R) is correct.

Page 7 of 32



- Find the odd one out. (A) Hindustan Computers Limited (B) Hindustan Unilever (C) Bharti Airtel Limited (D) Indian Postal Service Match the Column-I with Column-II and choose the correct option from 7. 1 the following: Column-II Column-I (Authors) (Publications) Tulsidas Bengal Gazette a. James August Hickey b. Kesari ii. Ram Mohan Roy Ramcharitmanas iii. C. Bal Gangadhar Tilak Samvad Kaumudi iv. d.
 - Options: d-iv b-ii c-iii (A) a-i d-i (B) a-ii b-iii c-iv d-iii c-i b-iv
 - (C) a-ii d-iii c-ii b-i (D) a-iv
- Arrange the following historical events in chronological order and choose 8. the correct option:
 - Second Round Table Conference T.
 - Simon Commission arrives in India II.
 - III. Beginning of Dandi March
 - IV. Incident of Chauri-Chaura

Options:

- (A) I, II, III and IV
- (B) IV, II, III and I
- IV, II, I and III (C)
- (D) I, II, IV and III



9.	n the 17th century the city El Dorado in South America became famous as				
	which one of the following?	1			
	A) City of Diversity				
	B) City of Gold				
	C) Small pox City				
	D) Trading City				
10.	Arrange the following regions of Italy in the order of their inclusion in the				
	Unified Italy and choose the correct option :	1			
	I. Venetia				
	II. Savoy Sardinia				
	III. Sicilies				
	Options:				
	(A) I, II and III				
	(B) II, III and I				
	(C) I, III and II				
	D) II, I and III				
11.	Two statements are given below. They are Assertion (A) and Reason (R).				
	Read both the statements carefully and choose the correct option.	1			
	Assertion (A): There was civil war in Sri Lanka.				
	Reason (R): An Act was passed in 1956 to secure dominance of Sinhals community on the government.	3			
	Options:				
	A) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). B) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).				
	B) Both (A) and (R) are correct.				
	C) (A) is correct, but (R) is incorrect. (A) is incorrect, but (R) is correct.				
	(A) is incorrect, but (19 10 correct)				

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12.	Cho	ose the correct option related to	o the regional politica	l parties of India :	1
		Party Name	Election Symbol	State	
	(A)	Rashtriya Lok Dal	Mashal	Uttar Pradesh	
	(B)	Telugu Desam	Cycle	Andhra Pradesh	
	(C)	Telangana Rashtra Samiti	Kite	Telangana	
	(D)	Shiromani Akali Dal	Chashma	Punjab	
13.	Cho	ose the correct option related to	Union list.		1
	(A)	Police, Foreign affairs, Agricul			
	(B)	Trade, Irrigation, Marriage			
	(C)	Education, Commerce, Bankir	ng		
	(D)	Currency, Communication, De	efence .		
14.	Rea	d the following statements re	garding the creation	of States on the	
	basi	s of language in India and choo			1
	I.	Formation of states on the bas	sis of language made	the country more	
		united and stronger.		11 4 4 4	
	II.	Formation of states on the b	asis of language mad	le administration	
		easier.			
	III.	Formation of states on the	basis of language h	as weakened the	
		federal structure.			
	IV.	Formation of states on the bas	sis of language led to	the development	
		of Indian languages.			
	Opt	ions:			
	(A)	Only I, II and III are correct.			
	(B)	Only II, III and IV are correct.			
	(C)	Only I, II and IV are correct.			
	(D)	Only I, III and IV are correct.			



 15. How is democracy better than other forms of Government? Choose the most appropriate option. (A) It enhances the dignity of individuals. (B) It promotes equality among elites. (C) It promotes tendency of private ownership only. (D) It increases the individualism. 16. Belgium took some measures to solve its problem. Read the following measures and choose the correct option: Formation of community government. Following majoritarian policy. By providing equal representation of language groups. By providing additional powers to local governments. Options: (A) Only I, II and III are correct. (B) Only I, III and IV are correct. (C) Only I, III and IV are correct. (D) Only II, III and IV are correct. 	•
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 II. Following majoritarian policy. III. By providing equal representation of language groups. IV. By providing additional powers to local governments. Options: (A) Only I, II and III are correct. (B) Only I, III and IV are correct. (C) Only I, II and IV are correct. (D) Only II, III and IV are correct. 	
 IV. By providing additional powers to local governments. Options: (A) Only I, II and III are correct. (B) Only I, III and IV are correct. (C) Only I, II and IV are correct. (D) Only II, III and IV are correct. 	
Options: (A) Only I, II and III are correct. (B) Only I, III and IV are correct. (C) Only I, II and IV are correct. (D) Only II, III and IV are correct.	
 (A) Only I, II and III are correct. (B) Only I, III and IV are correct. (C) Only I, II and IV are correct. (D) Only II, III and IV are correct. 	
(B) Only I, III and IV are correct.(C) Only I, II and IV are correct.(D) Only II, III and IV are correct.	
(C) Only I, II and IV are correct.(D) Only II, III and IV are correct.	
(D) Only II, III and IV are correct.	
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17. Which state of India has the maximum area under permanent forest?	1
(A) Haryana	
(B) Himachal Pradesh	
(C) Punjab	
(D) Madhya Pradesh	

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8.	Read the o	the characteristics given in the option given below:	e box	and identify the type of coal from				
	•	o serow ;		•,	1			
		This is low grade brown coal. The principal reserves are in Neyveli in Tamilnadu.						
		It is soft with high	Neyv	eli in Tamilnadu.				
	Opt	It is soft with high moisture content. Options:						
	(A)	Pit Coal						
	(B)	Anthrasite Coal						
	(C)	Lignite Coal						
	(D)	Bituminous Coal						
19. Which among the following crop is known as 'Golden Fibre'?				n as 'Golden Fibre' ?	1			
	(A)	Cotton						
	(B)	Wool						
	(C)	Jute						
	(D)	Silk						
				ži.	_			
20.	Cho	ose the correctly matched pair	:	***	1			
		I		II (Pierra)				
	(Multi-purpose River Project) (River)			(River)				
	(A)	Gandhi Sagar	-	Chambal				
	(B)	Hirakud	-	Godavari				
		Nagarjuna Sagar	-	Kaveri				
	(C)		_	Beas				
	(D)	Salal						
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32/6/1



SECTION - B

 $(4\times 2=8)$

(Very Short Answer Type Questions) How did information and communication technology promote the process of Globalization? Explain. 2 How did Indians react to the Jallianwala Bagh massacre? Explain. 22. 2 Why is the conservation of conventional sources of energy significant? 23. Explain any two reasons. 2 Suggest any two measures to promote secularism as mentioned in 24.(a) the Indian Constitution. 2 OR Suggest any two measures to ensure participation of women in (b) 2 public life. SECTION - C $(5 \times 3 = 15)$ (Short Answer Type Questions) Define 'Gross Domestic Product' and explain its importance. 1 + 2 = 325. Explain the main provisions of the Napoleonic Code - 1804. 3 26. Explain any three features of Plantation Agriculture. 3 27. Explain any three factors responsible for water pollution. 3 28. (a) Explain any three factors responsible for air pollution. 3 (b) Differentiate between federal and unitary form of government with examples. 3

Page 19 of 32

P.T.O.



SECTION - D

 $(4\times 5=20)$

(Long Answer Type Questions)

"The consequences of environmental degradation do not respect (a) 30. national and state boundaries." Examine the statement in context of sustainability of development. 5 OR "The question of sustainability of development becoming more (b) complex day by day." Examine the statement in context of use of 5 underground water in India. (a) Analyse the changes in Indian printing by the end of the 19th 31. 5 century. OR (b) Analyze the significant changes in printing technology during 19th 5 century in the world. Explain the main features of alluvial soil. 5 32. (a) OR Explain the various stages of resource planning and its need in (b) 3 + 2 = 5India. "The law enacted in 1956 and other Constitutional Provisions led to major conflict between the two communities in Sri Lanka." Support 33. (a) 5 the statement. OR "Power sharing increases trust between different groups." Support

Page 21 of 32

5

(b)

the statement.



SECTION - E

 $(3 \times 4 = 12)$

(Case/Source Based Questions)

34. Read the following source and answer the questions that follow:

4

Loans from Co-operatives

Besides banks, the other major source of cheap credit in rural areas are the co-operative societies. Members of a co-operative pool their resources for co-operation in certain areas. There are several types of co-operatives possible such as farmers co-operatives, weavers co-operatives, industrial workers co-operatives etc.

Krishak Co-operative functions in a village not very far away from Sonpur. It has 2300 farmers as members. It accepts deposits from its members. With these deposits as collateral, the co-operative has obtained a large loan from the bank. These funds are used to provide loans to members. Once these loans are repaid, another round of lending can take place.

Krishak Co-operative provides loans for the purchase of agriculture equipments, loans for cultivation and agricultural trade, fishery loans, loans for constructions of houses and for variety of other expenses.

(34.1) Which sector includes credit facilities offered by Co-operative Societies?

(34.2) How do Self-Help Groups access external funding?

(34.3) Explain the functioning of Co-operative Societies.

Page 23 of 32

P.T.O.

Read the following source and answer the questions that follow:

The Independence Day Pledge, 26 January 1930

"We believe that it is the inalienable right of the Indian people, as of any other people, to have freedom and to enjoy the fruits of their toil and have the necessities of life, so that they may have full opportunities of growth. We also believe that if any government deprives people of these rights and oppresses them, the people have a further right to alter it or abolish it. The British Government in India has not only deprived the Indian people of their freedom but based itself on the exploitation of the masses, and has ruined India economically, politically, culturally and spiritually. We believe, therefore, that India must sever the British connection and attain Purna Swaraj or Complete Independence."

- (35.1) Why was Swaraj considered as an inalienable right of the India?
- (35.2) Which type of government is supported in the source?
- (35.3) Explain any two effects of British rule in India.
- 36. Read the following source and answer the questions that follow:

The Need for Political Parties

As we have seen, large societies need representative democracy. As societies became large and complex, they also needed some agency to gather different views on various issues and to present these to the government. They needed some ways, to bring various representatives together so that a responsible government could be formed. They needed a together so that a responsible government could be formed. They needed a mechanism to support or restrain the government, make policies, justify or oppose them. Political parties fulfil these needs that every representative government has. We can say that parties are a necessary condition for a democracy.

Page 25 of 32

P.T.O.

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	(36.1) (36.2) (36.3)		xplain the meaning of	
			Explain the meaning of 'representative democracy'.	1
			parties shape multi- animing	1
			political parties considered	
		a	emocracy? Explain.	2
			SECTION - F (2 + 3 = 5))
			(Map Skill Based Questions)	
37.	(a)	Two	places 'A' and 'B' have been marked on the given political outline	**
		map	o of India. Identify them with the help of the following information	
		and	write their correct names on the lines drawn near them:	
		A.	The place where the session of Indian National Congress took	
			place in 1927.	1
		B.	The place where Mahatma Gandhi led the movement of cotton	
			mill workers.	1
Not	e:	The	e following questions are for Visually Impaired Candidates	
		onl	y in lieu of Question No. 37(a).	
37.	(a)	(i)	Name the place where the session of Indian National Congress	
			took place in 1927.	1
		(ii)	Name the place where Mahatma Gandhi led the movement of	
			cotton mill workers.	1
37.	(b)	On	the same outline map of India locate and label any three of the	
		follo	owing with suitable symbols :	
		(i)	An International Airport located in Punjab.	1
		(ii)	A major Sea port located in Gujarat.	1
		(iii)	A major oil field of India located in Arabian Sea.	1
		(iv)	A Nuclear Power Plant located in Uttar Pradesh.	1
		(11)		

Page 27 of 32

32/6/1

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	The following
Note:	The following questions are for Visually Impaired Candidates
	only in lieu of Question No. 37(b) (Attempt three).
	Question No. 37(h) (Attempt three).

37. (b) (i) Name the place where an International Airport is located in Punjab.

(iii) Name an oil field of India located in Arabian Sea.

1

- (ii) Name the place where major sea port is located in Gujarat.
- 1
- (iv) Name the place where nuclear power plant located in Uttar Pradesh.