CUET 2025 Mathematics Memory based Question Paper

1. The feasible region is bounded by the inequalities:

$$3x + y \ge 90$$
, $x + 4y \ge 100$, $2x + y \le 180$, $x, y \ge 0$

If the objective function is Z=px+qy and Z is maximized at points (6,18) and (0,30), then the relationship between p and q is:

- (A) p = 15, q = 12
- **(B)** p = 12, q = 15
- (C) p = 18, q = 10
- (D) p = 10, q = 18

2. If A is a 2×2 matrix and |A| = 4, then $|A^{-1}|$ is:

- (A) 16
- (B) $\frac{1}{4}$
- (C)4
- (D) 1

3. For a matrix A of order 3×3 , which of the following is true?

- (A) $adj(A) = A^2$
- (B) $adj(A) \neq A^2$
- (C) $adj(A) = A^T$
- (D) $adj(A) = A^{-1}$

4. If A is a square matrix such that $\operatorname{adj}(\operatorname{adj}(A)) = A$, then |A| is:

- (A) 1
- (B) 3
- (C) 0

(D) 9

5. A person wants to invest at least 20,000 in plan A and 30,000 in plan B. The return rates are 9% and 10% respectively. He wants the total investment to be 80,000 and investment in A should not exceed investment in B. Which of the following is the correct LPP model (maximize return \mathbb{Z})?

- (A) Maximize Z = 0.09x + 0.1y
- (B) Maximize Z = 0.1x + 0.09y
- (C) Maximize Z = 0.15x + 0.10y
- (D) Maximize Z = 0.10x + 0.09y

6. The angle between vectors $\mathbf{a} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ and $\mathbf{b} = 3\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ is:

- (A) 60°
- **(B)** 90°
- (C) 45°
- (D) 30°

7. If vectors \mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v} , and \mathbf{w} satisfy $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{w} = 0$, and \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} are unit vectors, while $|\mathbf{w}| = \sqrt{3}$, then the angle between \mathbf{v} and \mathbf{w} is:

- (A) 90°
- **(B)** 60°
- (**C**) 120°
- (D) 45°

8. Direction cosines of a vector perpendicular to $\mathbf{a}=\hat{i}+2\hat{j}+3\hat{k}$ and $\mathbf{b}=2\hat{i}-\hat{j}+\hat{k}$ are:

- (A) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}},\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}},\frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}$
- (B) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}},\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}},\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
- (C) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}},\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}},\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$
- (D) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$