

JEE Main 2025 Jan 29 Shift 1

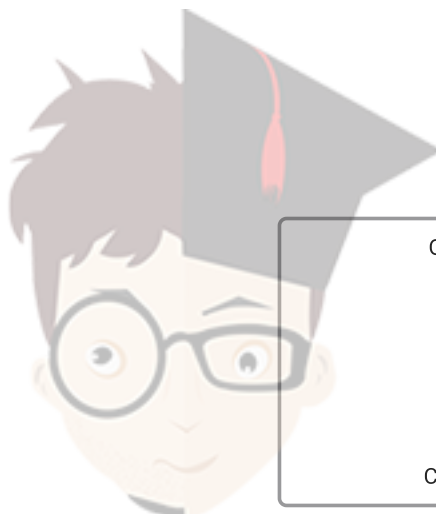
Section : Mathematics Section A

Q.1 Let $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = 2\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$. Let $L_1 : \vec{r} = (-\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}) + \lambda \vec{a}, \lambda \in \mathbf{R}$ and

$L_2 : \vec{r} = (\hat{j} + \hat{k}) + \mu \vec{b}, \mu \in \mathbf{R}$ be two lines. If the line L_3 passes through the point of intersection of L_1

and L_2 , and is parallel to $\vec{a} + \vec{b}$, then L_3 passes through the point :

- Options**
1. $(-1, -1, 1)$
 2. $(5, 17, 4)$
 3. $(2, 8, 5)$
 4. $(8, 26, 12)$



Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445540**

Option 1 ID : **6564451845**

Option 2 ID : **6564451842**

Option 3 ID : **6564451844**

Option 4 ID : **6564451843**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **4**

Q.2

Define a relation R on the interval $\left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ by $x R y$ if and only if $\sec^2 x - \tan^2 y = 1$. Then R is :

- Options**
1. both reflexive and transitive but not symmetric
 2. both reflexive and symmetric but not transitive
 3. reflexive but neither symmetric nor transitive
 4. an equivalence relation

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445526**

Option 1 ID : **6564451788**

Option 2 ID : **6564451787**

Option 3 ID : **6564451786**

Option 4 ID : **6564451789**

Status : **Not Answered**

Chosen Option : **--**

Q.3

The integral $80 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \left(\frac{\sin \theta + \cos \theta}{9 + 16 \sin 2\theta} \right) d\theta$ is equal to :

- Options
1. $6 \log_e 4$
 2. $2 \log_e 3$
 3. $4 \log_e 3$
 4. $3 \log_e 4$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445543

Option 1 ID : 6564451855

Option 2 ID : 6564451857

Option 3 ID : 6564451856

Option 4 ID : 6564451854

Status : **Not Attempted and
Marked For Review**

Chosen Option : --

Q.4 Let the area of the region $\{(x, y) : 2y \leq x^2 + 3, y + |x| \leq 3, y \geq |x - 1|\}$ be A. Then 6A is equal to :

- Options
1. 16
 2. 18
 3. 14
 4. 12

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445544

Option 1 ID : 6564451859

Option 2 ID : 6564451861

Option 3 ID : 6564451858

Option 4 ID : 6564451860

Status : **Not Answered**

Chosen Option : --

Q.5 Let ABC be a triangle formed by the lines $7x - 6y + 3 = 0$, $x + 2y - 31 = 0$ and $9x - 2y - 19 = 0$. Let the point (h, k) be the image of the centroid of ΔABC in the line $3x + 6y - 53 = 0$. Then $h^2 + k^2 + hk$ is equal to :

- Options
1. 47
 2. 36
 3. 40
 4. 37

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445535

Option 1 ID : 6564451824

Option 2 ID : 6564451822

Option 3 ID : 6564451823

Option 4 ID : 6564451825

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.6 Let P be the set of seven digit numbers with sum of their digits equal to 11. If the numbers in P are formed by using the digits 1, 2 and 3 only, then the number of elements in the set P is :

- Options
1. 158
 2. 173
 3. 161
 4. 164



Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445532

Option 1 ID : 6564451810

Option 2 ID : 6564451813

Option 3 ID : 6564451811

Option 4 ID : 6564451812

Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review

Chosen Option : --

Q.7 Let $y=y(x)$ be the solution of the differential equation

$\cos x (\log_e(\cos x))^2 dy + (\sin x - 3y \sin x \log_e(\cos x)) dx = 0$, $x \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$. If $y\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{-1}{\log_e 2}$, then $y\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$ is equal to :

Options

1. $\frac{1}{\log_e(4) - \log_e(3)}$
2. $\frac{2}{\log_e(3) - \log_e(4)}$
3. $-\frac{1}{\log_e(4)}$
4. $\frac{1}{\log_e(3) - \log_e(4)}$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445545**

Option 1 ID : **6564451864**

Option 2 ID : **6564451865**

Option 3 ID : **6564451862**

Option 4 ID : **6564451863**

Status : **Not Answered**

Chosen Option : --

Q.8 Let $A = [a_{ij}] = \begin{bmatrix} \log_5 128 & \log_4 5 \\ \log_5 8 & \log_4 25 \end{bmatrix}$.

If A_{ij} is the cofactor of a_{ij} , $C_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^2 a_{ik} A_{jk}$, $1 \leq i, j \leq 2$, and $C = [C_{ij}]$, then $8|C|$ is equal to :

- Options**
1. **242**
 2. **222**
 3. **262**
 4. **288**

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445529**

Option 1 ID : **6564451798**

Option 2 ID : **6564451801**

Option 3 ID : **6564451800**

Option 4 ID : **6564451799**

Status : **Not Answered**

Chosen Option : --

Q.9

Let the ellipse $E_1: \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1, a > b$ and $E_2: \frac{x^2}{A^2} + \frac{y^2}{B^2} = 1, A < B$ have same eccentricity

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$. Let the product of their lengths of latus rectums be $\frac{32}{\sqrt{3}}$, and the distance between the foci of

E_1 be 4. If E_1 and E_2 meet at A, B, C and D, then the area of the quadrilateral ABCD equals :

Options

1. $\frac{18\sqrt{6}}{5}$

2. $6\sqrt{6}$

3. $\frac{12\sqrt{6}}{5}$

4. $\frac{24\sqrt{6}}{5}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445538

Option 1 ID : 6564451835

Option 2 ID : 6564451837

Option 3 ID : 6564451834

Option 4 ID : 6564451836

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.10 Let M and m respectively be the maximum and the minimum values of

$$f(x) = \begin{vmatrix} 1 + \sin^2 x & \cos^2 x & 4 \sin 4x \\ \sin^2 x & 1 + \cos^2 x & 4 \sin 4x \\ \sin^2 x & \cos^2 x & 1 + 4 \sin 4x \end{vmatrix}, x \in \mathbb{R}$$

Then $M^4 - m^4$ is equal to :

Options

1. 1215

2. 1040

3. 1295

4. 1280

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445542

Option 1 ID : 6564451851

Option 2 ID : 6564451850

Option 3 ID : 6564451853

Option 4 ID : 6564451852

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.11 Consider an A. P. of positive integers, whose sum of the first three terms is 54 and the sum of the first twenty terms lies between 1600 and 1800. Then its 11th term is :

- Options**
1. 122
 2. 84
 3. 90
 4. 108

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445531**

Option 1 ID : **6564451809**

Option 2 ID : **6564451806**

Option 3 ID : **6564451807**

Option 4 ID : **6564451808**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **3**

Q.12

The number of solutions of the equation $\left(\frac{9}{x} - \frac{9}{\sqrt{x}} + 2\right)\left(\frac{2}{x} - \frac{7}{\sqrt{x}} + 3\right) = 0$ is :

- Options**
1. 3
 2. 1
 3. 2
 4. 4



Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445528**

Option 1 ID : **6564451796**

Option 2 ID : **6564451794**

Option 3 ID : **6564451795**

Option 4 ID : **6564451797**

Status : **Not Answered**

Chosen Option : **--**

Q.13 Let $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = 3\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and \vec{c} be a vector such that $\vec{a} \times \vec{c} = \vec{c} \times \vec{b}$ and

$$(\vec{a} + \vec{c}) \cdot (\vec{b} + \vec{c}) = 168. \text{ Then the maximum value of } |\vec{c}|^2 \text{ is :}$$

- Options**
1. 462
 2. 77
 3. 308
 4. 154

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445541**

Option 1 ID : **6564451849**

Option 2 ID : **6564451846**

Option 3 ID : **6564451848**

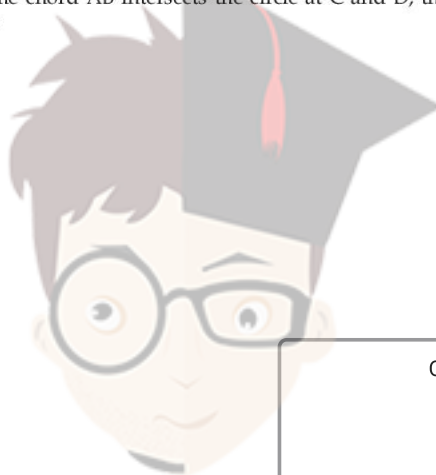
Option 4 ID : **6564451847**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **3**

Q.14 Let the line $x + y = 1$ meet the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ at the points A and B. If the line perpendicular to AB and passing through the mid point of the chord AB intersects the circle at C and D, then the area of the quadrilateral ADBC is equal to :

- Options**
1. $\sqrt{14}$
 2. $5\sqrt{7}$
 3. $3\sqrt{7}$
 4. $2\sqrt{14}$



Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445536**

Option 1 ID : **6564451826**

Option 2 ID : **6564451829**

Option 3 ID : **6564451828**

Option 4 ID : **6564451827**

Status : **Not Answered**

Chosen Option : **--**

Q.15 Let $|z_1 - 8 - 2i| \leq 1$ and $|z_2 - 2 + 6i| \leq 2$, $z_1, z_2 \in \mathbb{C}$. Then the minimum value of $|z_1 - z_2|$ is :

- Options
1. 13
 2. 7
 3. 10
 4. 3

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445527

Option 1 ID : 6564451793

Option 2 ID : 6564451792

Option 3 ID : 6564451790

Option 4 ID : 6564451791

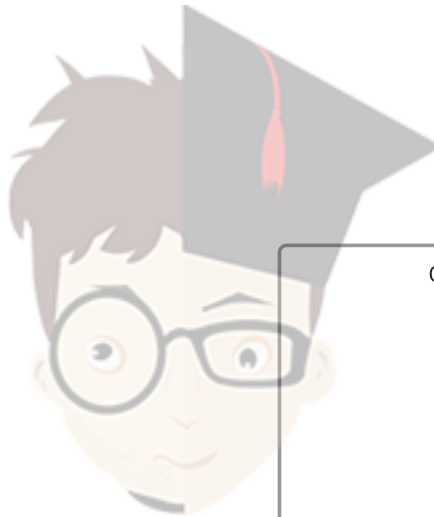
Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.16 The least value of n for which the number of integral terms in the Binomial expansion of

$(\sqrt[3]{7} + \sqrt[12]{11})^n$ is 183, is :

- Options
1. 2196
 2. 2172
 3. 2184
 4. 2148



Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445533

Option 1 ID : 6564451816

Option 2 ID : 6564451814

Option 3 ID : 6564451815

Option 4 ID : 6564451817

Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review

Chosen Option : --

Q.17 Two parabolas have the same focus $(4, 3)$ and their directrices are the x -axis and the y -axis, respectively. If these parabolas intersect at the points A and B, then $(AB)^2$ is equal to :

- Options
1. 392
 2. 192
 3. 96
 4. 384

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445537

Option 1 ID : 6564451833

Option 2 ID : 6564451831

Option 3 ID : 6564451830

Option 4 ID : 6564451832

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.18

The value of $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{k^3 + 6k^2 + 11k + 5}{(k+3)!} \right)$ is :

- Options
1. $4/3$
 2. $5/3$
 3. 2
 4. $7/3$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445530

Option 1 ID : 6564451804

Option 2 ID : 6564451802

Option 3 ID : 6564451803

Option 4 ID : 6564451805

Status : Not Attempted and
Marked For Review

Chosen Option : --

Q.19

Let x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{10} be ten observations such that $\sum_{i=1}^{10} (x_i - 2) = 30$, $\sum_{i=1}^{10} (x_i - \beta)^2 = 98$, $\beta > 2$, and

their variance is $\frac{4}{5}$. If μ and σ^2 are respectively the mean and the variance of $2(x_1 - 1) + 4\beta$,

$2(x_2 - 1) + 4\beta, \dots, 2(x_{10} - 1) + 4\beta$, then $\frac{\beta\mu}{\sigma^2}$ is equal to :

- Options
1. 100
 2. 110
 3. 90
 4. 120

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445534

Option 1 ID : 6564451818

Option 2 ID : 6564451820

Option 3 ID : 6564451819

Option 4 ID : 6564451821

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.20 Let $L_1 : \frac{x-1}{1} = \frac{y-2}{-1} = \frac{z-1}{2}$ and $L_2 : \frac{x+1}{-1} = \frac{y-2}{2} = \frac{z}{1}$ be two lines.

Let L_3 be a line passing through the point (α, β, γ) and be perpendicular to both L_1 and L_2 . If L_3 intersects L_1 , then $|5\alpha - 11\beta - 8\gamma|$ equals :

- Options
1. 18
 2. 20
 3. 16
 4. 25

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445539

Option 1 ID : 6564451839

Option 2 ID : 6564451840

Option 3 ID : 6564451838

Option 4 ID : 6564451841

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Section : Mathematics Section B

Q.21 Let $[t]$ be the greatest integer less than or equal to t . Then the least value of $p \in \mathbb{N}$ for which

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left(x \left(\left[\frac{1}{x} \right] + \left[\frac{2}{x} \right] + \dots + \left[\frac{p}{x} \right] \right) - x^2 \left(\left[\frac{1}{x^2} \right] + \left[\frac{2^2}{x^2} \right] + \dots + \left[\frac{p^2}{x^2} \right] \right) \right) \geq 1 \text{ is equal to } \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$

Give --
n
Ans
wer :

Question Type : SA

Question ID : 656445549

Status : Not Answered

Q.22 Let $S = \{x : \cos^{-1}x = \pi + \sin^{-1}x + \sin^{-1}(2x+1)\}$. Then $\sum_{x \in S} (2x-1)^2$ is equal to _____.

Give --
n
Ans
wer :

Question Type : SA

Question ID : 656445548

Status : Not Answered

Q.23

Let $f: (0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ be a twice differentiable function. If for some $a \neq 0$, $\int_0^1 f(\lambda x) \, d\lambda = af(x)$, $f(1) = 1$ and

$f(16) = \frac{1}{8}$, then $16 - f'\left(\frac{1}{16}\right)$ is equal to _____.

Give --
n
Ans
wer :

Question Type : **SA**

Question ID : **656445550**

Status : **Not Answered**

Q.24

The number of 6-letter words, with or without meaning, that can be formed using the letters of the word MATHS such that any letter that appears in the word must appear at least twice, is _____.

Give --
n
Ans
wer :

Question Type : **SA**

Question ID : **656445547**

Status : **Not Answered**

Q.25

Let $S = \left\{ m \in \mathbf{Z} : A^{m^2} + A^m = 3I - A^{-6} \right\}$, where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. Then $n(S)$ is equal to _____.

Give --
n
Ans
wer :

Question Type : **SA**

Question ID : **656445546**

Status : **Not Answered**

Section : **Physics Section A**

Q.26 A coil of area A and N turns is rotating with angular velocity ω in a uniform magnetic field \vec{B} about an axis perpendicular to \vec{B} . Magnetic flux ϕ and induced emf ϵ across it, at an instant when \vec{B} is parallel to the plane of coil, are :

- Options**
1. $\phi = AB, \epsilon = 0$
 2. $\phi = 0, \epsilon = 0$
 3. $\phi = 0, \epsilon = NAB\omega$
 4. $\phi = AB, \epsilon = NAB\omega$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445564**

Option 1 ID : **6564451925**

Option 2 ID : **6564451923**

Option 3 ID : **6564451924**

Option 4 ID : **6564451926**

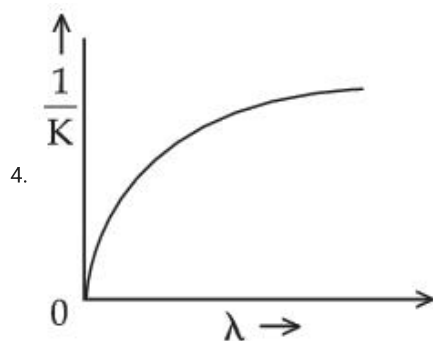
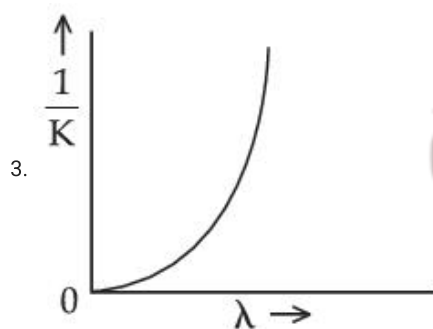
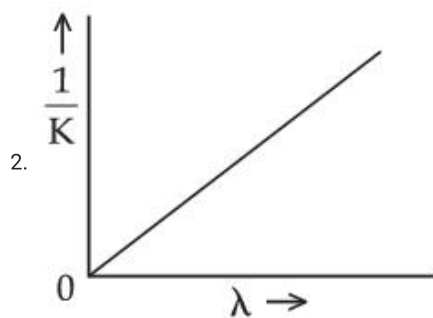
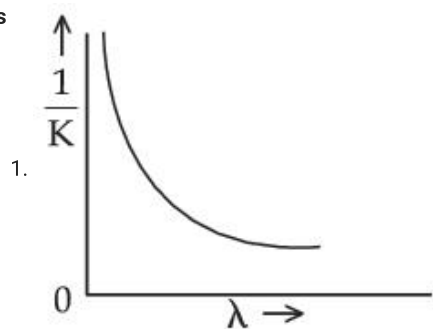
Status : **Not Answered**

Chosen Option : --



Q.27 If λ and K are de Broglie wavelength and kinetic energy, respectively, of a particle with constant mass. The correct graphical representation for the particle will be

Options



Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445568**

Option 1 ID : **6564451941**

Option 2 ID : **6564451939**

Option 3 ID : **6564451942**

Option 4 ID : **6564451940**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **2**

Q.28 The pair of physical quantities not having same dimensions is :

- Options
1. Torque and energy
 2. Pressure and Young's modulus
 3. Angular momentum and Planck's constant
 4. Surface tension and impulse

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445551

Option 1 ID : 6564451873

Option 2 ID : 6564451871

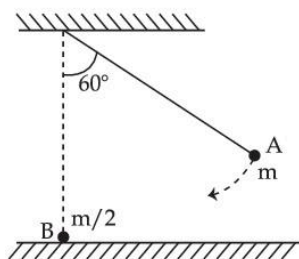
Option 3 ID : 6564451874

Option 4 ID : 6564451872

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Q.29 As shown below, bob A of a pendulum having massless string of length 'R' is released from 60° to the vertical. It hits another bob B of half the mass that is at rest on a frictionless table in the center. Assuming elastic collision, the magnitude of the velocity of bob A after the collision will be (take g as acceleration due to gravity.)



Options

1. $\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{Rg}$
2. \sqrt{Rg}
3. $\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{Rg}$
4. $\frac{4}{3}\sqrt{Rg}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445555

Option 1 ID : 6564451888

Option 2 ID : 6564451890

Option 3 ID : 6564451889

Option 4 ID : 6564451887

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Q.30 At the interface between two materials having refractive indices n_1 and n_2 , the critical angle for reflection of an em wave is θ_{1C} . The n_2 material is replaced by another material having refractive index n_3 such that the critical angle at the interface between n_1 and n_3 materials is θ_{2C} . If $n_3 > n_2 > n_1$; $\frac{n_2}{n_3} = \frac{2}{5}$ and $\sin\theta_{2C} - \sin\theta_{1C} = \frac{1}{2}$, then θ_{1C} is

Options

1. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{6n_1}\right)$
2. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3n_1}\right)$
3. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3n_1}\right)$
4. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{6n_1}\right)$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445566**

Option 1 ID : **6564451933**

Option 2 ID : **6564451931**

Option 3 ID : **6564451934**

Option 4 ID : **6564451932**

Status : **Not Answered**

Chosen Option : --

Q.31 The workdone in an adiabatic change in an ideal gas depends upon only :

Options

1. change in its pressure
2. change in its volume
3. change in its specific heat
4. change in its temperature

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445557**

Option 1 ID : **6564451896**

Option 2 ID : **6564451895**

Option 3 ID : **6564451898**

Option 4 ID : **6564451897**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **2**

Q.32 Two projectiles are fired with same initial speed from same point on ground at angles of $(45^\circ - \alpha)$ and $(45^\circ + \alpha)$, respectively, with the horizontal direction. The ratio of their maximum heights attained is :

Options

1. $\frac{1 - \tan \alpha}{1 + \tan \alpha}$
2. $\frac{1 - \sin 2\alpha}{1 + \sin 2\alpha}$
3. $\frac{1 + \sin 2\alpha}{1 - \sin 2\alpha}$
4. $\frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{1 - \sin \alpha}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445553

Option 1 ID : 6564451879

Option 2 ID : 6564451881

Option 3 ID : 6564451882

Option 4 ID : 6564451880

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Q.33 The fractional compression $\left(\frac{\Delta V}{V}\right)$ of water at the depth of 2.5 km below the sea level is _____ %. Given, the Bulk modulus of water $= 2 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^{-2}$, density of water $= 10^3 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$, acceleration due to gravity $= g = 10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$.

Options

1. 1.5
2. 1.0
3. 1.75
4. 1.25

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445556

Option 1 ID : 6564451893

Option 2 ID : 6564451891

Option 3 ID : 6564451894

Option 4 ID : 6564451892

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.34 Given below are two statements : one is labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other is labelled as **Reason (R)**.

Assertion (A) : Choke coil is simply a coil having a large inductance but a small resistance. Choke coils are used with fluorescent mercury-tube fittings. If household electric power is directly connected to a mercury tube, the tube will be damaged.

Reason (R) : By using the choke coil, the voltage across the tube is reduced by a factor $\left(\frac{R}{\sqrt{R^2 + \omega^2 L^2}}\right)$, where ω is frequency of the supply across resistor R and inductor L . If the choke coil were not used, the voltage across the resistor would be the same as the applied voltage.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate answer** from the options given below :

Options 1.

Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

2. (A) is false but (R) is true

3.

Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is **not** the correct explanation of (A)

4. (A) is true but (R) is false

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445562

Option 1 ID : 6564451915

Option 2 ID : 6564451918

Option 3 ID : 6564451916

Option 4 ID : 6564451917

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.35 Consider I_1 and I_2 are the currents flowing simultaneously in two nearby coils 1 & 2, respectively. If L_1 = self inductance of coil 1, M_{12} = mutual inductance of coil 1 with respect to coil 2, then the value of induced emf in coil 1 will be

Options

1. $\varepsilon_1 = -L_1 \frac{dI_2}{dt} - M_{12} \frac{dI_1}{dt}$

2. $\varepsilon_1 = -L_1 \frac{dI_1}{dt} + M_{12} \frac{dI_2}{dt}$

3. $\varepsilon_1 = -L_1 \frac{dI_1}{dt} - M_{12} \frac{dI_1}{dt}$

4. $\varepsilon_1 = -L_1 \frac{dI_1}{dt} - M_{12} \frac{dI_2}{dt}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445559

Option 1 ID : 6564451906

Option 2 ID : 6564451905

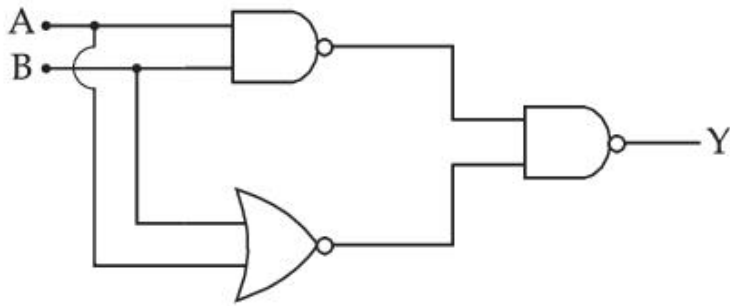
Option 3 ID : 6564451904

Option 4 ID : 6564451903

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.36



For the circuit shown above, equivalent GATE is :

Options

1. AND gate
2. OR gate
3. NAND gate
4. NOT gate

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445570

Option 1 ID : 6564451947

Option 2 ID : 6564451948

Option 3 ID : 6564451950

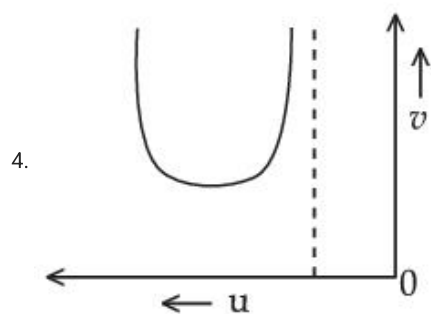
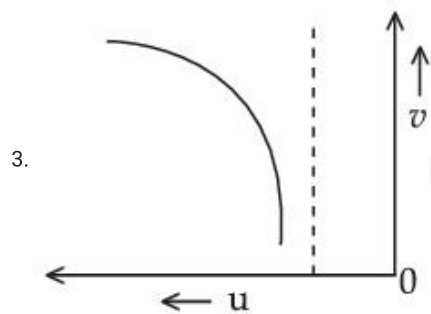
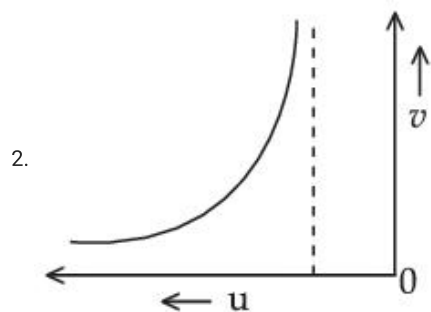
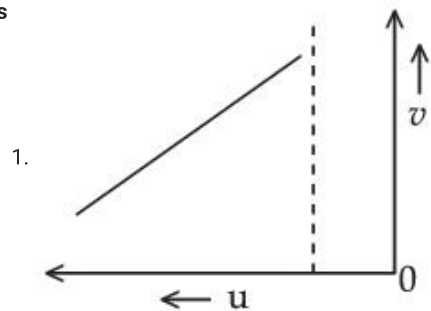
Option 4 ID : 6564451949

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.37 Let u and v be the distances of the object and the image from a lens of focal length f . The correct graphical representation of u and v for a convex lens when $|u| > f$, is

Options



Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445567**

Option 1 ID : **6564451935**

Option 2 ID : **6564451936**

Option 3 ID : **6564451937**

Option 4 ID : **6564451938**

Status : **Not Answered**

Chosen Option : --

Q.38 Consider a long straight wire of a circular cross-section (radius a) carrying a steady current I . The current is uniformly distributed across this cross-section. The distances from the centre of the wire's cross-section at which the magnetic field [inside the wire, outside the wire] is half of the maximum possible magnetic field, any where due to the wire, will be

- Options
1. $[a/2, 3a]$
 2. $[a/2, 2a]$
 3. $[a/4, 2a]$
 4. $[a/4, 3a/2]$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445561

Option 1 ID : 6564451911

Option 2 ID : 6564451912

Option 3 ID : 6564451914

Option 4 ID : 6564451913

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.39 An electric dipole of mass m , charge q , and length l is placed in a uniform electric field $\vec{E} = E_0 \hat{i}$. When the dipole is rotated slightly from its equilibrium position and released, the time period of its oscillations will be :

- Options
1. $2\pi \sqrt{\frac{ml}{qE_0}}$
 2. $\frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{2ml}{qE_0}}$
 3. $\frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{ml}{2qE_0}}$
 4. $2\pi \sqrt{\frac{ml}{2qE_0}}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445563

Option 1 ID : 6564451922

Option 2 ID : 6564451921

Option 3 ID : 6564451919

Option 4 ID : 6564451920

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

- Q.40** A body of mass 'm' connected to a massless and unstretchable string goes in verticle circle of radius 'R' under gravity g. The other end of the string is fixed at the center of circle. If velocity at top of circular path is $n\sqrt{gR}$, where, $n \geq 1$, then ratio of kinetic energy of the body at bottom to that at top of the circle is

Options

1. $\frac{n^2}{n^2 + 4}$
2. $\frac{n}{n + 4}$
3. $\frac{n + 4}{n}$
4. $\frac{n^2 + 4}{n^2}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445554

Option 1 ID : 6564451883

Option 2 ID : 6564451886

Option 3 ID : 6564451885

Option 4 ID : 6564451884

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

- Q.41** Given below are two statements : one is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R).

Assertion (A) : Time period of a simple pendulum is longer at the top of a mountain than that at the base of the mountain.

Reason (R) : Time period of a simple pendulum decreases with increasing value of acceleration due to gravity and vice-versa.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below :

Options 1.

Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is **not** the correct explanation of (A)

2. (A) is false but (R) is true

3.

Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

4. (A) is true but (R) is false

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445558

Option 1 ID : 6564451900

Option 2 ID : 6564451902

Option 3 ID : 6564451899

Option 4 ID : 6564451901

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Q.42 Given below are two statements : one is labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other is labelled as **Reason (R)**.

Assertion (A) : Electromagnetic waves carry energy but not momentum.

Reason (R) : Mass of a photon is zero.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate answer** from the options given below :

Options 1.

Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**

2. **(A)** is false but **(R)** is true

3.

Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true but **(R)** is **not** the correct explanation of **(A)**

4. **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445565**

Option 1 ID : **6564451927**

Option 2 ID : **6564451930**

Option 3 ID : **6564451928**

Option 4 ID : **6564451929**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **2**



Q.43 Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

- (A) Electric field inside (distance $r > 0$ from center) of a uniformly charged spherical shell with surface charge density σ , and radius R .
- (B) Electric field at distance $r > 0$ from a uniformly charged infinite plane sheet with surface charge density σ .
- (C) Electric field outside (distance $r > 0$ from center) of a uniformly charged spherical shell with surface charge density σ , and radius R .
- (D) Electric field between 2 oppositely charged infinite plane parallel sheets with uniform surface charge density σ .

List - II

- (I) σ/ϵ_0
- (II) $\sigma/2\epsilon_0$
- (III) 0
- (IV) $\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0 r^2}$

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

Options

1. (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(I)
2. (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)
3. (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)
4. (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445560

Option 1 ID : 6564451907

Option 2 ID : 6564451910

Option 3 ID : 6564451908

Option 4 ID : 6564451909

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Q.44 The expression given below shows the variation of velocity (v) with time (t),

$$v = At^2 + \frac{Bt}{C+t}. \text{ The dimension of ABC is :}$$

Options

1. $[M^0L^2T^{-3}]$
2. $[M^0L^1T^{-3}]$
3. $[M^0L^2T^{-2}]$
4. $[M^0L^1T^{-2}]$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445552

Option 1 ID : 6564451877

Option 2 ID : 6564451878

Option 3 ID : 6564451875

Option 4 ID : 6564451876

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Q.45 Given below are two statements : one is labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other is labelled as **Reason (R)**.

Assertion (A) : Emission of electrons in photoelectric effect can be suppressed by applying a sufficiently negative electron potential to the photoemissive substance.

Reason (R) : A negative electric potential, which stops the emission of electrons from the surface of a photoemissive substance, varies linearly with frequency of incident radiation.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate answer** from the options given below :

Options 1.

Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is **not** the correct explanation of (A)

2. (A) is true but (R) is false

3.

Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

4. (A) is false but (R) is true

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445569**

Option 1 ID : **6564451944**

Option 2 ID : **6564451945**

Option 3 ID : **6564451943**

Option 4 ID : **6564451946**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **3**

Section : **Physics Section B**

Q.46 The coordinates of a particle with respect to origin in a given reference frame is (1, 1, 1) meters. If a force of $\vec{F} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ acts on the particle, then the magnitude of torque (with respect to origin) in z-direction is _____.

Give 2

n

Ans

wer :

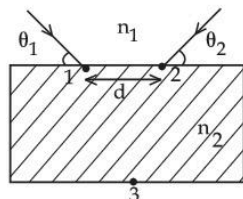
Question Type : **SA**

Question ID : **656445571**

Status : **Answered**

Q.47 Two light beams fall on a transparent material block at point 1 and 2 with angle θ_1 and θ_2 , respectively, as shown in figure. After refraction, the beams intersect at point 3 which is exactly on the interface at other end of the block. Given : the distance between 1 and 2, $d = 4\sqrt{3}$ cm and $\theta_1 = \theta_2 = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{n_2}{2n_1}\right)$, where refractive index of the block $n_2 >$ refractive

index of the outside medium n_1 , then the thickness of the block is _____ cm.



Give --
n
Ans
wer :

Question Type : SA
Question ID : 656445575
Status : Not Answered

Q.48 A container of fixed volume contains a gas at 27°C . To double the pressure of the gas, the temperature of gas should be raised to _____ $^\circ\text{C}$.

Give 327
n
Ans
wer :

Question Type : SA
Question ID : 656445574
Status : Answered

Q.49 The maximum speed of a boat in still water is 27 km/h. Now this boat is moving downstream in a river flowing at 9 km/h. A man in the boat throws a ball vertically upwards with speed of 10 m/s. Range of the ball as observed by an observer at rest on the river bank, is _____ cm. (Take $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)

Give 500
n
Ans
wer :

Question Type : SA
Question ID : 656445572
Status : Answered

Q.50 In a hydraulic lift, the surface area of the input piston is 6 cm^2 and that of the output piston is 1500 cm^2 . If 100 N force is applied to the input piston to raise the output piston by 20 cm, then the work done is _____ kJ.

Give 5
n
Ans
wer :

Question Type : SA
Question ID : 656445573
Status : Answered

Q.51 The correct increasing order of stability of the complexes based on Δ_o value is :

I. $[\text{Mn}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$ II. $[\text{Co}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$ III. $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$ IV. $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$

- Options**
1. $\text{IV} < \text{III} < \text{II} < \text{I}$
 2. $\text{I} < \text{II} < \text{IV} < \text{III}$
 3. $\text{III} < \text{II} < \text{IV} < \text{I}$
 4. $\text{II} < \text{III} < \text{I} < \text{IV}$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445588**

Option 1 ID : **6564452007**

Option 2 ID : **6564452004**

Option 3 ID : **6564452006**

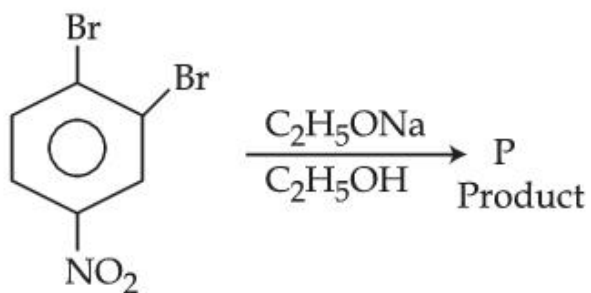
Option 4 ID : **6564452005**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : 1

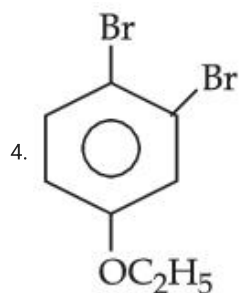
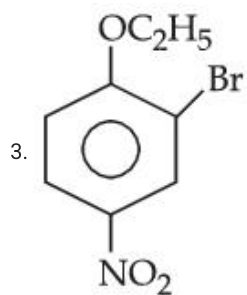
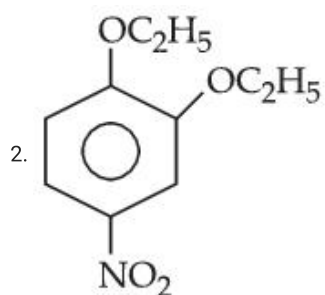
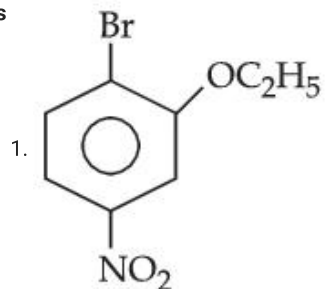


Q.52 In the following substitution reaction :



product 'P' formed is :

Options



Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445593

Option 1 ID : 6564452025

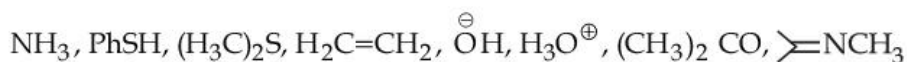
Option 2 ID : 6564452026

Option 3 ID : 6564452024

Option 4 ID : 6564452027

Status : Answered

Q.53 Total number of nucleophiles from the following is :



- Options
1. 6
 2. 5
 3. 4
 4. 7

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445591

Option 1 ID : 6564452019

Option 2 ID : 6564452017

Option 3 ID : 6564452016

Option 4 ID : 6564452018

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.54 The molar conductivity of a weak electrolyte when plotted against the square root of its concentration, which of the following is expected to be observed ?

- Options
1. A small decrease in molar conductivity is observed at infinite dilution.
 2. A small increase in molar conductivity is observed at infinite dilution.
 3. Molar conductivity increases sharply with increase in concentration.
 4. Molar conductivity decreases sharply with increase in concentration.

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445581

Option 1 ID : 6564451978

Option 2 ID : 6564451979

Option 3 ID : 6564451976

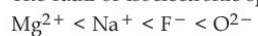
Option 4 ID : 6564451977

Status : Answered

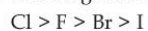
Chosen Option : 2

Q.55 Given below are two statements :

Statement (I) : The radii of isoelectronic species increases in the order.



Statement (II) : The magnitude of electron gain enthalpy of halogen decreases in the order.



In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate answer** from the options given below :

- Options**
1. Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct
 2. **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
 3. **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
 4. Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445585**

Option 1 ID : **6564451992**

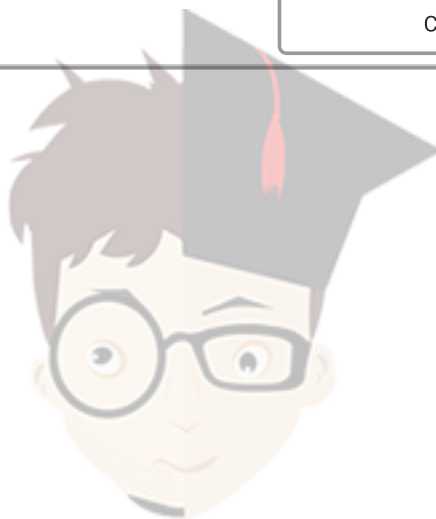
Option 2 ID : **6564451995**

Option 3 ID : **6564451994**

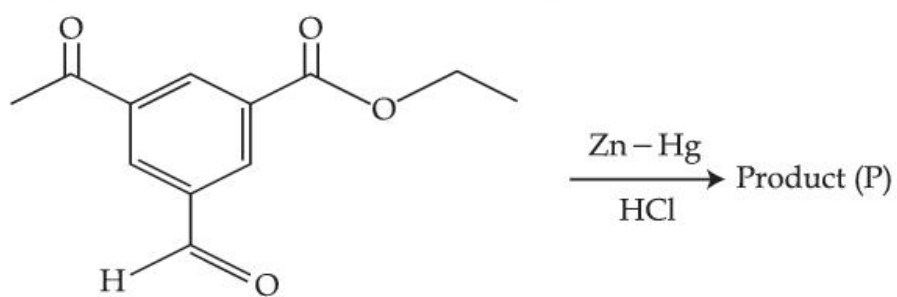
Option 4 ID : **6564451993**

Status : **Answered**

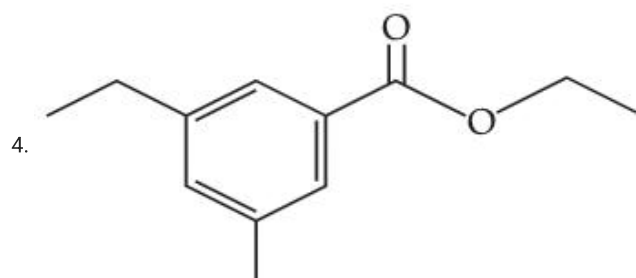
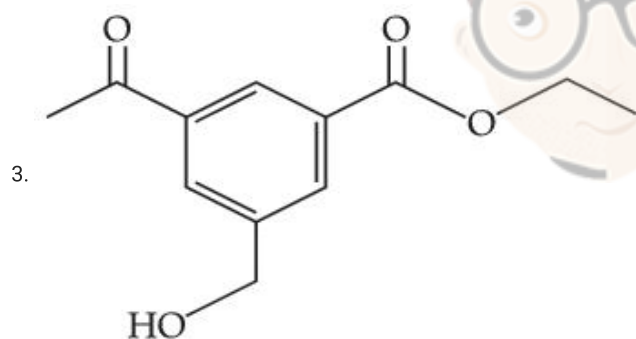
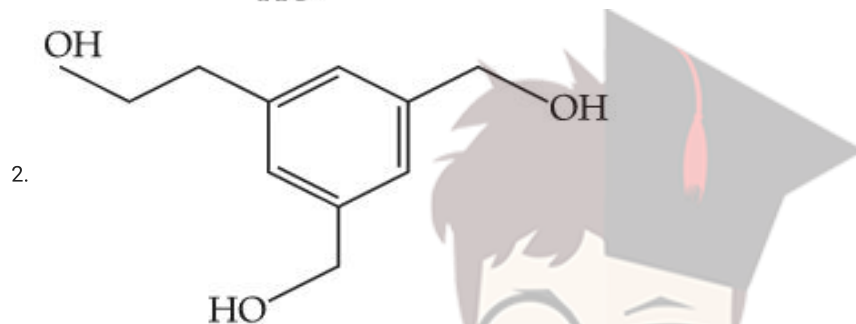
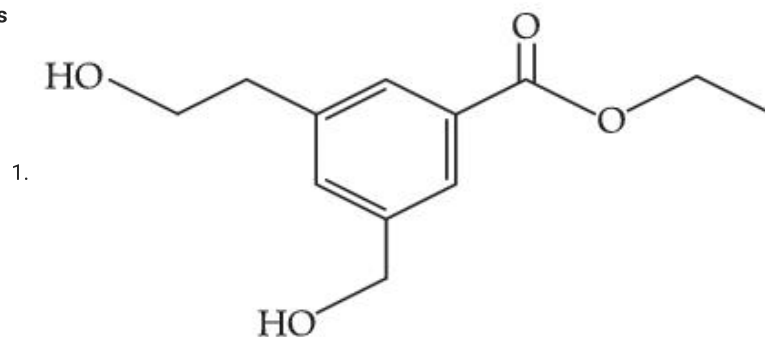
Chosen Option : **1**



Q.56 The product (P) formed in the following reaction is :



Options



Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445594

Option 1 ID : 6564452030

Option 2 ID : 6564452028

Option 3 ID : 6564452031

Option 4 ID : 6564452029

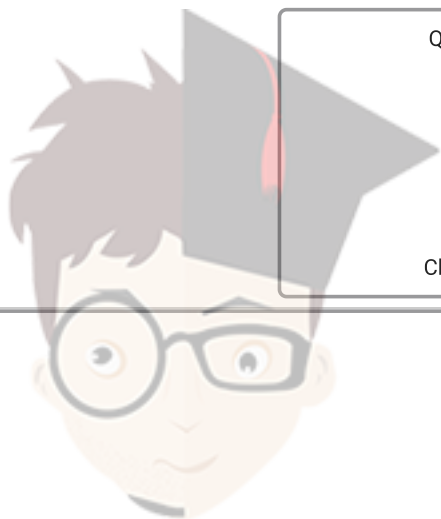
Q.57 Match List - I with List - II.

List - I (Complex)	List - II (Hybridisation & Magnetic characters)
(A) $[\text{MnBr}_4]^{2-}$	(I) d^2sp^3 & diamagnetic
(B) $[\text{FeF}_6]^{3-}$	(II) sp^3d^2 & paramagnetic
(C) $[\text{Co}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_3]^{3-}$	(III) sp^3 & diamagnetic
(D) $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$	(IV) sp^3 & paramagnetic

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- Options
1. (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(IV)
 2. (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)
 3. (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)
 4. (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)

Question Type : **MCQ**
Question ID : **656445587**
Option 1 ID : **6564452003**
Option 2 ID : **6564452000**
Option 3 ID : **6564452001**
Option 4 ID : **6564452002**
Status : **Answered**
Chosen Option : **3**



Q.58

At temperature T, compound $AB_{2(g)}$ dissociates as $AB_{2(g)} \rightleftharpoons AB_{(g)} + \frac{1}{2} B_{2(g)}$ having degree of dissociation x (small compared to unity). The correct expression for x in terms of K_p and p is

Options

1. $\sqrt{K_p}$

2. $\sqrt[3]{\frac{2K_p}{p}}$

3. $\sqrt[4]{\frac{2K_p}{p}}$

4. $\sqrt[3]{\frac{2K_p^2}{p}}$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445580**

Option 1 ID : **6564451975**

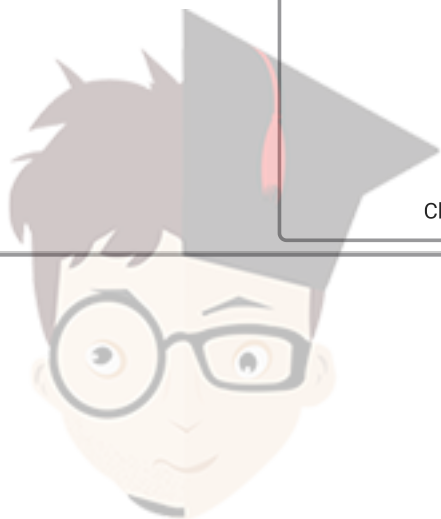
Option 2 ID : **6564451974**

Option 3 ID : **6564451972**

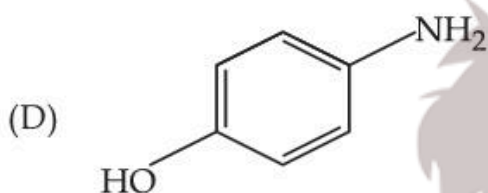
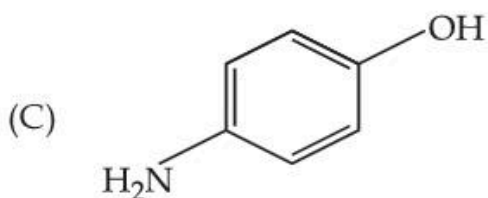
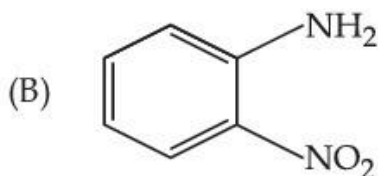
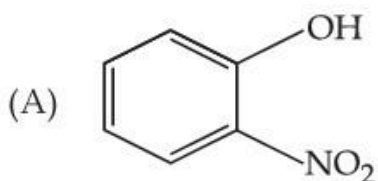
Option 4 ID : **6564451973**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **2**



Q.59 The steam volatile compounds among the following are :



Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- Options
1. (A) and (B) Only
 2. (A), (B) and (C) Only
 3. (B) and (D) Only
 4. (A) and (C) Only

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445590

Option 1 ID : 6564452013

Option 2 ID : 6564452012

Option 3 ID : 6564452014

Option 4 ID : 6564452015

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Q.60 For a $\text{Mg}|\text{Mg}^{2+}(\text{aq})||\text{Ag}^{+}(\text{aq})|\text{Ag}$ the correct Nernst Equation is :

Options

1. $E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} + \frac{RT}{2F} \ln \frac{[\text{Ag}^{+}]^2}{[\text{Mg}^{2+}]}$
2. $E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} - \frac{RT}{2F} \ln \frac{[\text{Ag}^{+}]}{[\text{Mg}^{2+}]}$
3. $E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} - \frac{RT}{2F} \ln \frac{[\text{Mg}^{2+}]}{[\text{Ag}^{+}]}$
4. $E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} - \frac{RT}{2F} \ln \frac{[\text{Ag}^{+}]^2}{[\text{Mg}^{2+}]}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445582

Option 1 ID : 6564451980

Option 2 ID : 6564451981

Option 3 ID : 6564451982

Option 4 ID : 6564451983

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Q.61 An element 'E' has the ionisation enthalpy value of 374 kJ mol^{-1} . 'E' reacts with elements A, B, C and D with electron gain enthalpy values of -328 , -349 , -325 and -295 kJ mol^{-1} , respectively. The correct order of the products EA, EB, EC and ED in terms of ionic character is :

Options

1. $\text{EA} > \text{EB} > \text{EC} > \text{ED}$
2. $\text{ED} > \text{EC} > \text{EA} > \text{EB}$
3. $\text{ED} > \text{EC} > \text{EB} > \text{EA}$
4. $\text{EB} > \text{EA} > \text{EC} > \text{ED}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445584

Option 1 ID : 6564451988

Option 2 ID : 6564451991

Option 3 ID : 6564451989

Option 4 ID : 6564451990

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Q.62 If a_0 is denoted as the Bohr radius of hydrogen atom, then what is the de-Broglie wavelength (λ) of the electron present in the second orbit of hydrogen atom ? [n : any integer]

Options

1. $\frac{4n}{\pi a_0}$
2. $\frac{8\pi a_0}{n}$
3. $\frac{4\pi a_0}{n}$
4. $\frac{2a_0}{n\pi}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445577

Option 1 ID : 6564451962

Option 2 ID : 6564451960

Option 3 ID : 6564451961

Option 4 ID : 6564451963

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.63 The standard reduction potential values of some of the p-block ions are given below. Predict the one with the strongest oxidising capacity.

Options

1. $E_{\text{Ti}^{3+}/\text{Ti}}^{\ominus} = +1.26 \text{ V}$
2. $E_{\text{Al}^{3+}/\text{Al}}^{\ominus} = -1.66 \text{ V}$
3. $E_{\text{Pb}^{4+}/\text{Pb}^{2+}}^{\ominus} = +1.67 \text{ V}$
4. $E_{\text{Sn}^{4+}/\text{Sn}^{2+}}^{\ominus} = +1.15 \text{ V}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445586

Option 1 ID : 6564451996

Option 2 ID : 6564451999

Option 3 ID : 6564451997

Option 4 ID : 6564451998

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Q.64 Match List - I with List - II.

List - I
(Carbohydrate)

- (A) Amylose
- (B) Cellulose
- (C) Glycogen
- (D) Amylopectin

List - II
(Linkage Source)

- (I) β -C₁-C₄, plant
- (II) α -C₁-C₄, animal
- (III) α -C₁-C₄, α -C₁-C₆, plant
- (IV) α -C₁-C₄, plant

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- Options
1. (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)
 2. (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)
 3. (A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)
 4. (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445595

Option 1 ID : 6564452032

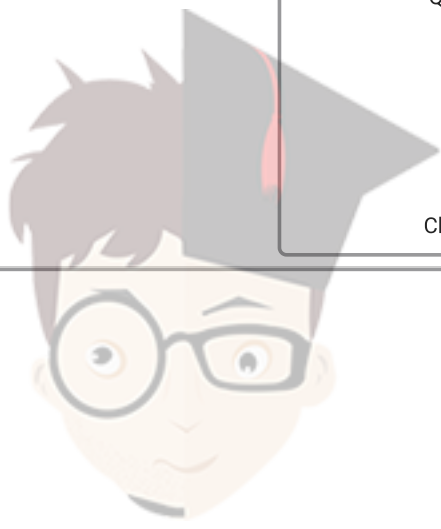
Option 2 ID : 6564452033

Option 3 ID : 6564452035

Option 4 ID : 6564452034

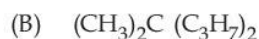
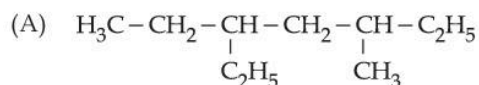
Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2



Q.65 Match List - I with List - II.

List - I
(Structure)



List - II
(IUPAC Name)

(I) 4-Methylpent-1-ene

(II) 3-Ethyl-5-methylheptane

(III) 4,4-Dimethylheptane

(IV) 2-Methyl-1,3-pentadiene

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- Options
1. (A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)
 2. (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)
 3. (A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)
 4. (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445592

Option 1 ID : 6564452023

Option 2 ID : 6564452020

Option 3 ID : 6564452021

Option 4 ID : 6564452022

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Q.66 1.24 g of AX_2 (molar mass 124 g mol^{-1}) is dissolved in 1 kg of water to form a solution with boiling point of 100.0156°C , while 25.4 g of AY_2 (molar mass 250 g mol^{-1}) in 2 kg of water constitutes a solution with a boiling point of 100.0260°C .

$$K_b(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 0.52 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$$

Which of the following is **correct** ?

- Options
1. AX_2 and AY_2 (both) are fully ionised.
 2. AX_2 is fully ionised while AY_2 is completely unionised.
 3. AX_2 and AY_2 (both) are completely unionised.
 4. AX_2 is completely unionised while AY_2 is fully ionised.

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445579

Option 1 ID : 6564451971

Option 2 ID : 6564451970

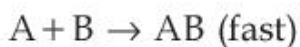
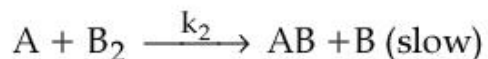
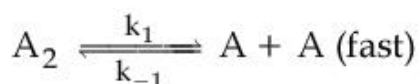
Option 3 ID : 6564451968

Option 4 ID : 6564451969

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.67 The reaction $A_2 + B_2 \rightarrow 2AB$ follows the mechanism



The overall order of the reaction is :

Options 1. 3

2. 1.5

3. 2.5

4. 2

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445583

Option 1 ID : 6564451984

Option 2 ID : 6564451987

Option 3 ID : 6564451986

Option 4 ID : 6564451985

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Q.68 The correct option with order of melting points of the pairs (Mn, Fe), (Tc, Ru) and (Re, Os) is :

Options 1. $Fe < Mn, Ru < Tc$ and $Re < Os$

2. $Mn < Fe, Tc < Ru$ and $Os < Re$

3. $Mn < Fe, Tc < Ru$ and $Re < Os$

4. $Fe < Mn, Ru < Tc$ and $Os < Re$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445589

Option 1 ID : 6564452009

Option 2 ID : 6564452010

Option 3 ID : 6564452008

Option 4 ID : 6564452011

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

- Q.69** Choose the **correct** statements.
- (A) Weight of a substance is the amount of matter present in it.
 - (B) Mass is the force exerted by gravity on an object.
 - (C) Volume is the amount of space occupied by a substance.
 - (D) Temperatures below 0°C are possible in Celsius scale, but in Kelvin scale negative temperature is not possible.
 - (E) Precision refers to the closeness of various measurements for the same quantity.
- Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- Options**
1. (A), (B) and (C) Only
 2. (B), (C) and (D) Only
 3. (C), (D) and (E) Only
 4. (A), (D) and (E) Only

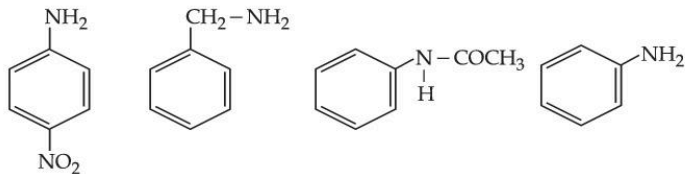
Question Type : **MCQ**
Question ID : **656445576**
Option 1 ID : **6564451956**
Option 2 ID : **6564451957**
Option 3 ID : **6564451958**
Option 4 ID : **6564451959**
Status : **Answered**
Chosen Option : **3**

- Q.70** 500 J of energy is transferred as heat to 0.5 mol of Argon gas at 298 K and 1.00 atm. The final temperature and the change in internal energy respectively are :
- Given : $R = 8.3 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

- Options**
1. 348 K and 300 J
 2. 378 K and 500 J
 3. 378 K and 300 J
 4. 368 K and 500 J

Question Type : **MCQ**
Question ID : **656445578**
Option 1 ID : **6564451966**
Option 2 ID : **6564451964**
Option 3 ID : **6564451965**
Option 4 ID : **6564451967**
Status : **Not Answered**
Chosen Option : **--**

Q.71 Given below are some nitrogen containing compounds



Each of them is treated with HCl separately. 1.0 g of the most basic compound will consume _____ mg of HCl.

(Given molar mass in g mol^{-1} C : 12, H : 1, O : 16, Cl : 35.5)

Give --

n

Ans

wer :

Question Type : SA

Question ID : 656445600

Status : Not Answered

Q.72 If A_2B is 30% ionised in an aqueous solution, then the value of van't Hoff factor (i) is _____ $\times 10^{-1}$.

Give --

n

Ans

wer :

Question Type : SA

Question ID : 656445596

Status : Not Answered

Q.73 The sum of sigma (σ) and pi (π) bonds in Hex-1,3-dien-5-yne is _____.

Give 9

n

Ans

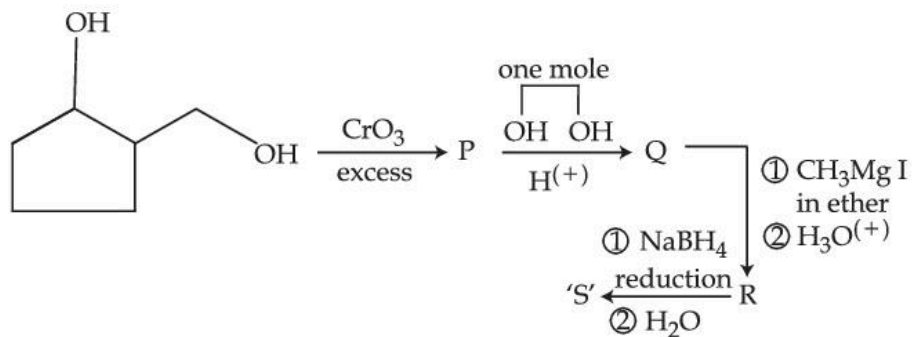
wer :

Question Type : SA

Question ID : 656445599

Status : Answered

Q.74



0.1 mole of compound 'S' will weigh _____ g.
 (Given molar mass in g mol^{-1} C : 12, H : 1, O : 16)

Give --
 n
 Ans
 wer :

Question Type : SA

Question ID : 656445598

Status : Not Answered

Q.75 The molar mass of the water insoluble product formed from the fusion of chromite ore (FeCr_2O_4) with Na_2CO_3 in presence of O_2 is _____ g mol^{-1} .

Give **119**
 n
 Ans
 wer :

Question Type : SA

Question ID : 656445597

Status : Answered